

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report City of Lauderhill, Florida



For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

Prepared by

City of Lauderhill Finance Department

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CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

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February 27, 2012

To the Honorable Mayor Members of the City Commission, and Citizens of Lauderhill:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Lauderhill, Florida (the City), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, is hereby submitted as mandated by both local ordinances and state statutes. The CAFR has been prepared in conformance with the principles and standards for financial reporting set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The audit was conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

Management Responsibility

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that is, the presentation fairly shows the financial position and results of the City's operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that the included disclosures will provide the reader with an understanding of the City's financial affairs.

Internal Control

Our goal is to provide a reasonable basis that supports the representations that management has established. A comprehensive internal control framework has been designed to both protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Audit

The City's financial statements have been audited by S. Davis & Associates, P.A. The goal of the independent auditor was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors, based on their audit, rendered an unqualified opinion that the financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

In addition to the standard independent audit of the City's financial statements, this audit was performed as part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit", which is designed to meet the special needs of the federal grantor agencies. The standards governing single audit engagements require the independent auditors to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in a separately issued single audit report.

Financial Reporting Format

The City has prepared its CAFR using the financial reporting requirements as prescribed by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments (GASB 34). This GASB Statement requires that Management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Lauderhill was incorporated in 1959 and is governed by an elected mayor and four-member City Commission. The Mayor and Commissioners are elected city-wide and serve four-year terms. The City is administered under a commission-manager form of government whereby the Mayor and Commission hire a City Manager for administrative duties. The Commission is responsible for passing resolutions, which generally confirm or direct specific actions; and ordinances, which generally amend the City's permanent Code of Ordinances, for approving the annual budget and setting tax and assessment rates, for approving capital expenditures and all debt issued by the City, for appointing citizen boards that assist and advise the Commission, and other related legislative duties. The City Manager is responsible for enacting the policies and actions approved by the Commission,

for overseeing the daily operations of the City, and for appointing Department Directors and approving their staffing selections.

The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police and fire protection, parks and recreational programs such as swimming, youth sports, and tennis, cultural events and art instruction, a senior citizen community center and sponsored trips, water distribution and sewer and storm water collection, street and bridge repair, maintenance and lighting, public record maintenance, building inspection, business licensing, zoning regulation, code enforcement and grant programs for housing purchase and repairs.

The annual budget is the cornerstone of the City's financial planning and control. The Commission holds public hearings between **February** and **April** of each year to gather resident input for new projects and initiatives for the upcoming budget. Given general direction from the Commission following these meetings, Department Directors submit proposed departmental budgets to the City Manager in **May**. The City Manager reviews each proposal with the Directors and assembles a proposed budget that is delivered to the Commission by **July 1**.

The Commission holds public workshops in July to discuss and amend the Manager's proposed budget. The final version of the proposed budget, including the proposed millage rate, is voted on in two public Commission meetings in September. The budget goes into effect October 1 and covers the fiscal year, which ends the following September 30th. During the fiscal year, the City Manager may approve transfers of funds among line items within a department, with the exception of **reductions in capital outlay line items, which requires Commission approval**. The Commission must also approve transfers between departments or supplemental appropriations that increase expenditures and revenues.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

Lauderhill is a mature community of approximately 66,887 year-round residents. That number increases to over 70,000 in the winter season, from December through March, as "snowbirds," primarily retirees from the northeastern United States and Canada, flock to their second homes in Lauderhill. Lauderhill's year-round residents include approximately 14,000 retirees, who are located throughout the City.

Working residents hold a range of jobs typical of those in the South Florida economy. These include positions in retail sales and other services, especially in the medical and tourism sectors, communications, municipal and county government, construction, and financial services. The broad base of Lauderhill's economy is representative of Western Broward County, which is less dependent on tourism than the beach areas to the East.

Lauderhill's property tax base is primarily residential. The City has an industrial park with many small businesses operating in warehouses under 10,000 square feet but no large firms that comprise a significant portion of the tax base. Lauderhill's residential tax base is rather evenly divided between single-family homes and multi-family condominiums and

apartments. As shown in the Statistical Section of this CAFR, four of the eight largest property taxpayers in Lauderhill are apartment complexes.

Lauderhill has experienced a resurgence in development activity during the past ten years. Over 1,000 new housing units, two new shopping centers and a successful food market have been built during this time. As a means of squaring off our borders, Lauderhill, during fiscal year 2004, extended an invitation to three (3) neighboring communities to be annexed into our City. As of September 15, 2006, all three communities (West Ken Lark, St. George and Broward Estates) voted in the affirmative and have joined our City. The inclusion of the three new communities added an additional 1,750 homes and 13,000 individuals to the City. Fiscal Year 2011 CAFR represents the fifth full year that data will be included for the three new neighborhoods.

The local economy has slowed over the past six years. Property values in the tri-county area have declined between 10 to 35 percent in value from their values one year ago. The City's assessed valuation is projected to be reduced by 4.6%, continuing a trend that has lowered the property tax base by nearly 45% over the past four years. The volume of vacant homes and apartments in Lauderhill has negatively affected collections of utility taxes and franchise fees for electricity, and telecommunications in the current year and in the projections for 2012. As a result of decreasing market values in existing real estate, the City experienced an overall decrease in property values of more than \$496 million. Moreover, the market is expected to continue to decline over the next two years; therefore, staff continues to streamline operations in anticipation of reduced revenues.

The sluggish economy forced the State of Florida to reduce the allocation of Intergovernmental revenues to municipalities throughout the state. Reductions in tourism generated less than expected revenues in the areas of Sales Tax, Utility Taxes and Franchise Fees. As a result, the City had to revise its budget estimates to reflect a decrease in intergovernmental revenues.

Major Initiatives and Capital Projects

During fiscal Year 2011, evidence of the City's commitment to the continual improvement of all communities is demonstrated by maintaining and acquiring capital assets despite the worst financial downturns in recent history. Landscaping and roadway improvements throughout the City have been completed. The Cultural Museum and Community center and John Mullen Community Center and Pool are under construction and will be completed in the next year.

Fiscal Year 2011 is the second anniversary of moving into the New City Hall Building located at 5581 W Oakland Park Boulevard or on the NE corner of W Oakland Park and Inverrary Boulevard. Our City Hall facility is a four-story facility with approximately 40,000 square feet of office and meeting space, and it features "green" or energy efficient components and is seeking Lead Certification. As we progress the renaissance of Lauderhill, the City has made an ongoing commitment to improve the quality of life of its residents. The City has partnered with private developers, the Broward County

Commission, and the Department of Transportation to invest more than \$110 million in neighborhood beautification and infrastructure projects along the State Road 7 corridor. This was the third year of operation for the Central Broward Regional Park, a 110-acre multipurpose facility, which features sporting events such as football, soccer, basketball and netball games, as well as cricket matches. Additional park amenities include a water park, a public-art feature, and a future branch of the Broward County Library on-site. In addition, this location is the future site of the City's Performing Arts Center, which will host live plays, musical and dance performances, visual arts and various educational and enrichment events. The anticipated completion date of the Center and Library is January 2014. Also significant along with the 441 corridor will be the Carishoca Market Place. This project will include more than 400,000 square feet of both retail and office space and the Gospel Complex. These developments will bring tourism to the area and help to generate additional revenue and jobs in the City of Lauderhill.

The City continues to demonstrate its commitment to the redevelopment of Lauderhill by providing Tax Increment Financing (TIF) to the Central Lauderhill and East Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) during Fiscal Year 2011. As a result, the CRA in partnership with the City of Lauderhill, is continuing to target properties for acquisition that are in need of rehabilitation. These developments will help contribute to reduced calls for service, increased property values, and additional ad valorem tax revenue. In addition, the CRA has expanded its efforts to generate economic growth in the City with the inception of two new programs in Fiscal Year 2011: the Micro-Loan program and the International Trade Incubator. The former provides funding for small businesses to purchase equipment and machinery, and assists with job creation and retention in the community. The latter provides resources for small companies in Lauderhill to grow their business through import and export opportunities with other countries.

Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) will continue to be used to facilitate the acquisition of foreclosed and abandoned properties by local governments. Through a successful grant application, the City was awarded \$4.2 million to purchase dilapidated properties. As of 2011, the City acquired approximately 30 residential properties under NSP program. The sites are slated for renovation and resale by the Lauderhill Housing Authority over the next year. The primary goal is to stabilize neighborhoods in the City of Lauderhill and encourage homeownership in the community. A substantial priority of the NSP program is the use green building techniques. As such, these features are evident in the renovated properties through the use of energy efficient appliances, air condition units and water conservation mechanism.

Long-term financial planning

Management constantly examine the strategic goals and objectives of the City of Lauderhill and implements policies that will assist in taking advantage of the opportunities that will lead the City to it's mission; to make the City of Lauderhill a secure, clean, and desirable place to live, work, and visit by providing for a continually improving wide range of services; to encourage a community that retains and promotes employment opportunities, economic growth and improved quality of life, where people of diverse cultural backgrounds and

incomes peacefully interrelate. The City utilizes long-term financial planning to identify future financial challenges and opportunities through financial forecasting and analysis, then, devise strategies based on the information to achieve financial sustainability. The goal of the annual budget and the five year planning is to outline an operating and financing plan, which will provide for sound fiscal management through the allocation of limited resources. The capital improvement fund is dedicated to the management of capital project expenditures such as equipment, renovations and vehicle purchases. Construction cost is effectively monitored to achieve saving opportunities and outstanding qualities.

The City issued bonds, including seven Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, three Utility Tax Bonds, five Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, two Stormwater Revenue Bonds, a General Obligation Bond and one Line of Credit to continue improvement to capital assets to better serve the residents. All of the bond issues are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and Moody's, and are insured by Financial Guaranty Insurance Company, the Municipal Bond Insurance Association, or by AMBAC Indemnity Corporation. The total outstanding principal as of September 30, 2011 is \$41,505 million for the Sales Tax Bonds, \$20,125 million for the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, \$9,960 million for the Stormwater Bonds, \$29,205 million for the General Obligation Bonds and \$8,926 million for the Bank Line of Credit. With the exception of the Line of Credit, all remaining bonds have been issued between 1998 and 2011 to pay for capital projects or to refund earlier bond issues in an effort to take advantage of reduced interest rates. The outstanding debt is further detailed in the Notes to the Financial Statements. The debt service coverage required by the bond covenants is displayed in the Statistical Section of these statements.

The General Obligation Bond projects will be fully completed during the 2012 budget year. The remaining projects for the bond are the construction of a pool and building at John Mullen Park, renovation to the Sadkin Community Center and completion of the entrance signage program. Other general capital projects will be funded to the extent of release of restricted assets available through a refinancing of existing Sales Tax Debt. The proceeds should be adequate to fund the restoration of the Cultural Museum and Community Center on 47th Avenue, signage at the bus stop on Oakland Park Boulevard and the City's portion of median landscaping on Sunrise Boulevard.

In the Water and Sewer fund, funding is maintained for an ongoing liftstation rehabilitation program, the upgrade will assist in reducing maintenance and electricity costs. Funding is also provided for water conservation plan and for a valve replacement program to improve system reliability and reduce water loss. In the Stormwater fund, the major capital initiative for 2012 is a canal restoration project. Rip raps will be installed to prevent erosion on several canals throughout the City. The completion date for the Performing Arts Center is scheduled for January 2014.

Relevant financial policies

The City implemented an investment policy to provide framework for the management of investments and guidelines for prudent investment of the City's funds. The goals of the City's investment policy and investment management function are to enhance the economic status of the City and protect its funds.

The City established a fund balance/net asset policy to insure against unanticipated events that would adversely affect the financial condition of the City and jeopardize the continuation of necessary public service. This policy ensures that the City provides sufficient cash flow for daily financial needs, secures and maintains investment grade bond ratings, offsets significant economic downturns and revenue shortfalls, and provides funds for unforeseen expenditures related to emergencies.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers' Association (GFOA) has awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Lauderhill for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. This is the twenty-third consecutive year (fiscal year ended September 30, 1988-2010) that the City has achieved this prestigious national award. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. These reports satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and the City is submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another Certificate.

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City budget is prepared as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communication device.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of Karen Pottinger, Assistant Comptroller, Sean Henderson, Assistant Finance Director, and C. Borders–Byrd, CPA, Contracted Internal Auditor, as well as the entire staff of the Finance and Support Services Department. Karen Pottinger has the primary responsibility for maintaining the integrity of the accounting records during the year

and overseeing the preparation of this Annual Report. The Finance staff also recognizes the City Commission and the City Manager for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Kennie Hobbs, Jr.

Kennie Hobbs, Jr.

Director of Finance and Support Services

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

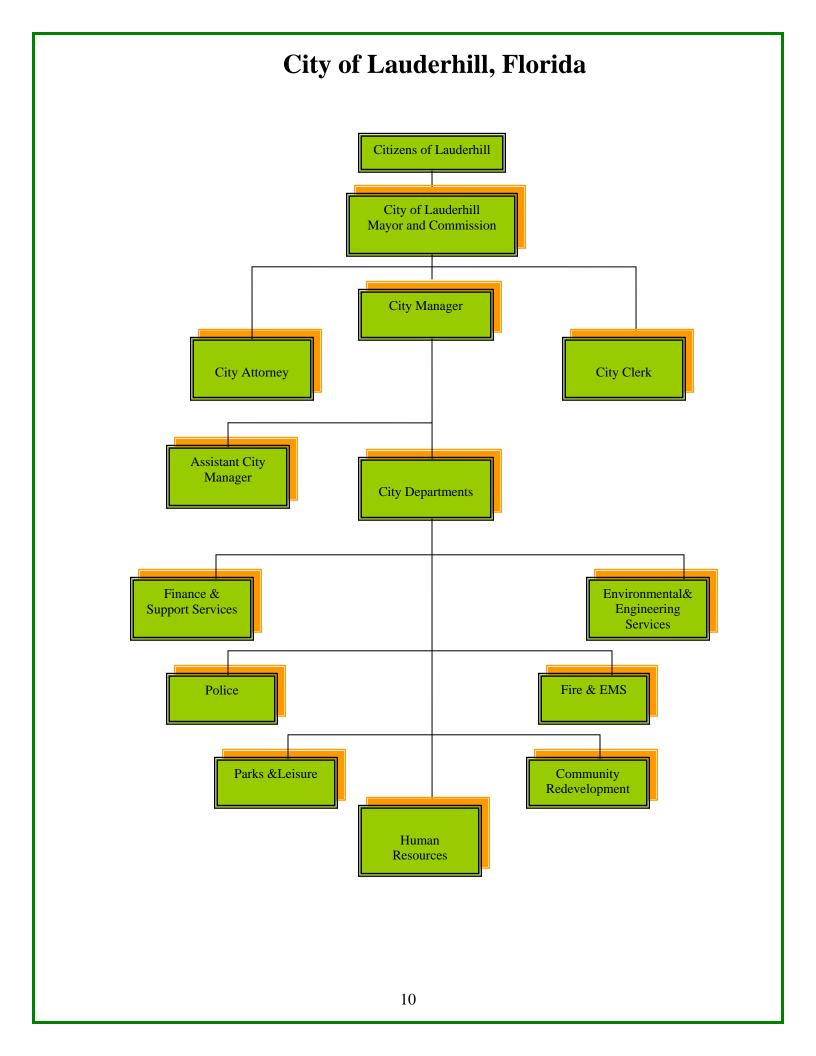
Presented to

City of Lauderhill Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Pinance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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City of Lauderhill, Florida

Commission/Manager Form of Government



Mayor Richard J. Kaplan

Vice Mayor – Howard Berger Commissioner – M. Margaret Bates Commissioner – Hayward J. Benson, Jr. Commissioner – Ken Thurston

City of Lauderhill, Florida Appointed City Officials

City Manager Charles Faranda

Assistant City Manager Desorae Giles-Smith

City Attorney W. Earl Hall

City Clerk Andrea Anderson

Community Redevelopment Director Donald Giancoli

Department of Environmental

& Engineering Services Charlie Cuyler

Director

Finance & Support Services Director Kennie Hobbs, Jr.

Fire Chief Edward Curran

Human Resources Director Revlon Fennel

Parks & Leisure Services Director Irvin Kiffin

Police Chief Kenneth Pachnek

Interim Police Chief Andrew Smalling

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Commissioners City of Lauderhill, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Lauderhill, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City of Lauderhill Firefighter Retirement System, the City of Lauderhill Police Retirement System and the City of Lauderhill Confidential Managerial Retirement System. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City of Lauderhill Firefighter Retirement System, the City of Lauderhill Police Retirement System and the City of Lauderhill Confidential Managerial Retirement System, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issues by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison information on pages 15 through 25 and 73 through 75 and the Schedule of Funding Progress – Employee Retirement Systems on page 76 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such

information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2012, on our consideration of the City of Lauderhill, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Hollywood, Florida

S. Davis Eassociates, 4.a.

February 27, 2012

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

We, the management of the City of Lauderhill (the "City"), offer readers of the City's financial statement a narrative representation of the City's financial performance for fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. This discussion and analysis will provide an overview of the City's financial activities when read in conjunction with the transmittal letter on pages 1 through 8 and the City's financial statements, which begin on page 26.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (in thousands)

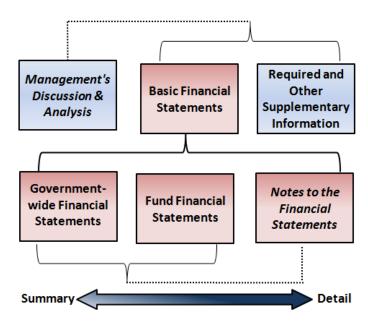
- The assets of the City of Lauderhill exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$61,255 (net assets). Of this amount, \$8,555 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- During fiscal year 2011, the government's total net assets decreased by \$1,798 to \$61,255. Governmental net assets decreased by \$4,248 (14.19 percent), while business-type activity net assets increased by \$2,450 (7.40 percent).
- During fiscal year 2011, revenues of all Governmental Funds totaled \$56,652 while expenditures (before other financing sources and uses) totaled \$63,180. As a result, Governmental Revenues were \$6,528 less than Governmental Fund Expenditures; however, the City realized an increase in total Governmental Funds Fund Balance (net of other financing sources and uses) of \$5,050 during fiscal year 2011.
- Business-type activities yielded a net operating income of \$3,996 while non-operating activities resulted in a loss of (\$1,546). During fiscal year 2011, operating revenues decreased by \$377 from fiscal year 2010 while operating revenues totaled \$22,641 compared to \$23,018 during 2010. The decrease in operating revenues is a result of lower utility consumption due to water conservation. The City continues to demonstrate strong revenues and earnings potential, which should allow for the issuance of additional debt to maintain and improve the current utility system while still maintaining sufficient funds for continued operations.
- The total operating cost for general government and enterprise fund services amounted to \$81,825 or \$3,183 (3.74 percent) less than fiscal year 2010. The decrease is primarily related to reduction in operating cost. The General Government costs decreased by more than \$4,638 and Enterprise costs increase by \$1,455 during fiscal year 2011.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the General Fund reported an operating income of \$2,480 before other financing sources (uses) of \$1,386.
 - Comparing 2010 operating income to 2011, there is an increase of \$1,488, which

is due to decrease in operating spending.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Required Components of The City of Lauderhill's Annual Financial Report



<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Both long-term and short-term information regarding the City's finances are presented.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as useful indicators of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal period (e.g. uncollected taxes and

earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (business activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and economic and community development. The business-type activities of the City include Water and Sewer and Stormwater operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26-27 of this report.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds.</u> These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains twelve (12) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, community redevelopment agency fund and capital projects fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nine (9) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-31 of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. <u>Enterprise funds</u> are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the

government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer, Stormwater, and Cultural Center operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer, Stormwater and Cultural Center operations, which are considered to be major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-34 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u>. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-36 of this report.

<u>Notes to the financial statements.</u> The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 37 of this report.

<u>Other Information</u> In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and budgetary comparison schedules.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 73-77 of this report.

The combining financial statements referred to previously in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 78 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis of the financial statements of the City begins below. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the City's activities that will help answer questions about the financial position and result of operations of the City. Information for both fiscal years ended 2010 and 2011 are presented for comparison purposes.

Statement of Net Assets

As noted previously, net assets, over time, serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The schedule below summarizes the City of Lauderhill's net assets for fiscal years ended 2011 and 2010:

City of Lauderhill Net Assets (In Thousands)

	Governr	Governmental Business-typ		-type	Total		
	Activi	ties	Activiti	es	Gove	rnment	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Current and other assets	\$31,834	\$25,532	\$20,309	\$18,135	\$52,143	\$43,667	
Capital assets	81,698	80,876	55,449	56,868	137,147	137,744	
Total assets	113,532	106,408	75,758	75,003	189,290	181,411	
Long-term debt outstanding	83,576	73,308	38,285	40,237	121,861	113,545	
Other liabilities	4,258	3,153	1,916	1,660	6,174	4,813	
Total liabilities	87,834	76,461	40,201	41,897	128,035	118,358	
Net assets:	\$25,698	\$29,947	\$35,557	\$33,106	\$61,255	\$63,053	
Invested in capital assets,							
net of debt	\$22,183	\$19,026	\$17,164	\$15,558	\$39,347	\$34,584	
Restricted	2,036	5,370	11,317	4,911	13,353	10,281	
Unrestricted	1,479	5,551	7,076	12,637	8,555	18,188	
Total net assets	\$25,698	\$29,947	\$35,557	\$33,106	\$61,255	\$63,053	

The City's combined net assets were \$61,255 at the 2011 fiscal year end: \$25,698 for governmental activities and \$35,557 for business-type activities. This represents a decrease of \$1,798 from fiscal year 2010 net assets, with the majority of the decrease derived from a significant increase in accumulated depreciation due to completion of the General Obligation Bond capital projects within the last year. For governmental activities, capital assets increased by \$822 and restricted assets decreased by \$3,334, while current and other assets increased by \$6,302 from fiscal year 2010. The increase in current and other assets is a result of the City's continued investment in infrastructure and building improvements related to bond issuance; additionally, total assets for business-type activities increased by \$755 as compared to 2010.

The use of a portion of net assets is restricted and can not be used to meet the ongoing obligations of the City. For fiscal year 2011, restricted net assets equaled \$2,036 for governmental activities and \$11,317 for business-type activities. Unrestricted net assets of governmental activities represent \$1,479 or 5.75 percent of total net assets; while business-type activities unrestricted net assets are \$7,076 or 19.90 percent of total net assets; which can be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Investment in capital assets (such as land, buildings, and equipment) is a significant portion of the restricted assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources

since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

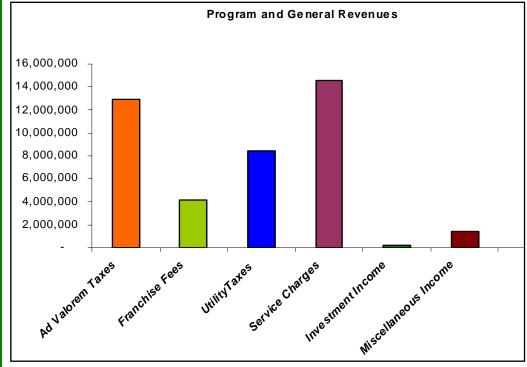
Long-term debt outstanding has increased in the governmental activities as a result of the City issuing debt to continue to finance capital improvements. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances of net assets as it relates to the government as a whole and business-type activities.

Statement of Activities

Governmental activities for the current fiscal year decreased net assets by \$4,249, primarily due to decrease in operating revenues relative to the overall operating expenses. During fiscal year 2011, the City received less property tax revenue which resulted from decreased property values. Key elements of the changes in net assets are presented in the schedule below and described in the following section:

	City of Lauderhill Change in Net Assets (In Thousands)										
	Governm	ental	Business	s-type	To	ıtal					
	Activiti	vities Activities			Gover	nment					
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010					
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$14,555	\$14,245	\$22,201	\$23,018	\$36,756	\$37,263					
Operating grants	4,055	6,987	-	-	4,055	6,987					
Capital grants and contributions	655	37	-	-	655	37					
General revenues:											
Property taxes	12,933	15,921	-	-	12,933	15,921					
Other taxes	12,538	13,384	-	-	12,538	13,384					
Other	11,916	11,422	473	109	12,389	11,531					
Total revenues	56,652	61,996	22,674	23,127	79,326	85,123					
Expenses:											
General government	12,419	13,037	-	-	12,419	13,037					
Public safety	31,674	33,404	-	-	31,674	33,404					
Public works	-	5,421	-	-	-	5,421					
Physical environment	4,524	-	-	-	4,524	-					
Transportation	1,203	972	-	-	1,203	972					
Recreation and social services	8,605	7,714	-	-	8,605	7,714					
Interest on long-term debt	2,476	2,385	-	-	2,476	2,385					
Water and sewer	-	-	15,917	14,331	15,917	14,331					
Stormwater	-	-	4,267	4,714	4,267	4,714					
Performing arts		-	39	-	39	-					
Total expenses	60,901	62,933	20,223	19,045	81,124	81,978					
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(4,249)	(937)	2,451	4,082	(1,798)	3,145					
Net assets, October 1, as restated	29,947	30,884	33,106	29,024	63,053	59,908					
Net assets, September 30	\$25,698	\$29,947	\$35,557	\$33,106	\$61,255	63,053					

Governmental Activities



- Property taxes revenue decreased in the governmental activities by \$2,988 thousand (18.77)percent) during fiscal year 2011 compared fiscal year 2010. The millage rate of 5.96 remained the same as 2010.
- The decrease in revenue is a direct result of depressed property values

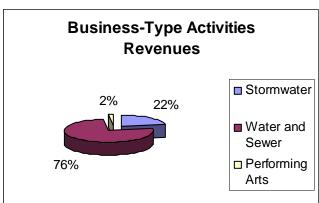
resulting from a significant number of foreclosures and abandoned properties throughout the City.

 General government expenses decreased by \$571 when compared to fiscal year 2010.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities for the year resulted in an increase in net assets of \$2,451. Key elements of this change are as follows:

- The Stormwater Utility revenues exceeded total expenses by \$788.
- The Water and Sewer Utility increased net assets by \$1,262.
- The Performing Arts change in net assets was \$401.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The City of Lauderhill uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The table below summarizes the significant changes in the fund balances of the City's governmental funds:

Go	overnmental In thousa)			
		Capital	Other	Total
	General	Projects	Funds	Governmental
Fund balance, September 30, 2010	\$6,390	\$5,313	\$4,282	\$15,985
Revenues	51,237	2,474	2,942	56,653
Expenditures	(48,757)	(4,491)	(9,932)	(63,180)
Other financing sources(uses)	1,386	6,699	3,493	11,578
Fund balance, September 30, 2011	\$10,256	\$9,995	\$785	\$21,036

Governmental Funds

As discussed previously, the purpose of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources relative to the City's funding requirements. Unassigned fund balances serve as the most useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$21,036 with general fund representing \$10,256. Of the \$10,256 general fund balance, \$4,852 is assigned, leaving a \$5,404 unassigned fund balance at year-end. The \$3,866 increased in fund balance was due to the timing of funds received in the current fiscal year to pay obligations due in the subsequent year.

The capital projects fund had a fund balance of \$9,995 at year-end, up by \$4,682 in fiscal year 2011. The primary reason for the increase is due to the issuance of bonds to finance various capital projects throughout the City. Fund balance in the capital projects fund is directly affected by the pace at which capital projects are completed. Funding comes from the issuance of debt and is budgeted, sometimes over multiple fiscal years, for the construction of specific projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City Commission approves the original budget (Adopted Budget) in September prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The final budget (Amended Budget) reflects divisional changes made administratively and approved by the City Manager and departmental changes and supplemental appropriations approved by the City Commission during the year.

Actual General Fund revenues for fiscal year 2011 was below final budget by \$.804 million. The decrease in revenues was due to shortfall in property taxes and other revenues. Actual expenditures for the year were approximately \$3.9 million less than the final budget or 7.5% below. The major expenditure variance between the final budget and actual budget in the general fund is reflected in Public Service, which is due to expenditures that were budgeted to be paid in fiscal year 2011 but were delayed as a result of contract negotiation.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2011, amounts to \$137,147 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, water distribution and sewer collection, storm drainage systems, park improvements, equipment, and street improvements, which are detailed (net of accumulated depreciation) as follows:

	City of Lauderhill Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (In Thousands)											
		Govern	men	tal		Busines	s-typ	e		T	otal	
		Activ	vities.			Activi	ties			Gove	mme	nt
		2011		2010		2011		2010		2011		2010
Land	\$	27,099	\$	27,099	\$	349	\$	349	\$	27,448	\$	27,448
Building		15,524		15,790		18,888		19,544		34,412		35,334
Machinery and equipment		2,833		3,368		123		223		2,956		3,591
Improvements(other than buildings)		27,426		28,423		15,327		15,768		42,753		44,191
Infrastructure		4,744		4,984		17,007		17,610		21,751		22,594
Construction-in-progress		4,072		1,211		3,755		3,373		7,827		4,584
	\$	81,698	\$	80,875	\$	55,449	\$	56,867	\$	137,147	\$	137,742

The City has developed various capital improvement programs to improve the quality of life of its residents. Major projects included wastewater and storm water improvements, street repaving and landscaping renovations, improvements to parks, the

construction of two new community centers, and expansion and renovations to existing fire departments and community centers.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements on pages 56-58 of this report.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City has total long-term debt outstanding of \$118,657. Debt increased by \$7,796 during the year as a result of the issuance of revenue bonds issued to retire higher interest existing debt and an increase in the City's bank line of credit to provide funding for capital investments for the City and other related entities.

		C	ity of La Outstand (In Thou	ing	Debt				
	Gover Act	nmen ivities	tal		Busine Activ	<i>,</i> ,		To Gover	 nt
	 2011		2010		2011	2010		2011	2010
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 29,205	\$	30,220	\$	-	\$ -	\$	29,205	\$ 30,220
Revenue Bonds	41,505		31,335		30,085	31,535		71,590	62,870
State Revolving Fund	-		-		8,200	8,472		8,200	8,472
Capital Leases	736		298		-	-		736	298
Bank Lines of Credit	 8,926		9,001		-	 -		8,926	9,001
	\$ 80,372	\$	70,854	\$	38,285	\$ 40,007	\$	118,657	\$ 110,861
			-				-		

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements on pages 60-63.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In the fiscal year 2012 budget, general fund revenues are budgeted to decrease by \$.380 million, which is a .007% decline when compared to fiscal year 2011. General fund property taxes make up approximately 21% of general fund budgeted revenues and are projected to increase by \$.158 million or 1.5% from fiscal year 2011. This is due to increase in the millage rate from 5.9574 to 6.3198 mills per \$1,000 of taxable value. General fund expenditures are budgeted to increase by .043% in fiscal year 2012.

Budgeted revenues for the water and sewer and stormwater funds are expected to increase by at least 7% as a result of rate structuring. This increase is necessary to ensure that sufficient revenues are available to meet current and future debt

obligation payments and to cover capital assets renovation expenses.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Lauderhill's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Lauderhill, Finance Department, 5581 W. Oakland Park Boulevard, Suite 241 Lauderhill, Florida, 33313. Information may also be found at our website at www.lauderhill-fl.gov.

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA

Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2011

ASSETS		VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	 SINESS-TYPE CTIVITIES		TOTAL
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	12,310,573	\$ 5,014,969	\$	17,325,542
Accounts receivable - net	·	3,442,415	6,115,136		9,557,551
Due from other governments		5,635,128	5,146		5,640,274
Internal balances		(2,217,683)	2,217,683		-
Inventories		166,778	52,932		219,710
Restricted assets:		,	ŕ		•
Equity in pooled cash and investments		1,482,796	921,433		2,404,229
Land held for investment		2,888,575	-		2,888,575
Other assets		1,584,800	_		1,584,800
Deferred charges, net		1,282,073	483,152		1,765,225
Due from related entity		5,258,806	5,498,133		10,756,939
Non-depreciable assets-					
Land		27,098,913	349,010		27,447,923
Construction in progress		4,071,564	3,755,762		7,827,326
Depreciable assets-net		50,527,510	51,344,273		101,871,783
Total assets	_	113,532,248	 75,757,629	_	189,289,877
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		571,144	1,093,194		1,664,338
Accrued interest payable		751,702	716,502		1,468,204
Accrued payroll		582,828	71,243		654,071
Customer deposits		33,045	34,390		67,435
Unearned revenue		2,313,457	-		2,313,457
Insurance claims payable:current portion		5,443	-		5,443
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Net OPEB obligation		824,000	-		824,000
The amount due in one year		2,825,000	2,012,896		4,837,896
The amount due in more than one year		79,927,379	 36,272,438		116,199,817
Total Liabilities		87,833,998	 40,200,663		128,034,661
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		22,182,988	17,163,711		39,346,699
Renewal and replacement		_	11,317,275		11,317,275
Social services		553,775	-,,		553,775
Debt service		1,482,796	_		1,482,796
Unrestricted		1,478,691	 7,075,980		8,554,671
Total Net Assets	\$	25,698,250	\$ 35,556,966	\$	61,255,216

The notes to the finanical statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

			PROGF	PROGRAM REVENUES	ES		NET (E	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	E AND	
	Expenses	Charges for services	Opo grai contr	Operating grants and contributions	Ca grar contr	Capital grants and contributions	Governmental activities	Business-type activities		Total
Functions/programs Primary Government: Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 12,419,477	\$ 3,042,987	₩	1,423,387	↔	654,640	\$ (7,298,463)	· ·	\$	(7,298,463)
Physical environment	4,523,931) 1 1 1 1		350,000		٠	(4,173,931)	1		(4,173,931)
Transportation	1,202,644	98,314		234,421			(869,909)			(869,909)
necreation and social services Interest on long-term debt	0,604,626 2,475,944	- 100,001		913,020			(7,323,103) (2,475,944)			(7,323,163) (2,475,944)
Total governmental activities	60,900,437	14,554,632		4,055,407		654,640	(41,635,758)	1		(41,635,758)
Business-type activities: Water & Sewer	15,917,186	17,172,007						1,254,821		1,254,821
Stormwater	4,266,871			•		•	•	761,793		761,793
Pertorming Arts	38,8/1					•		(38,8/1)		(38,8/1)
Total business-type activities	20,222,928	22,200,671		'		'	1	1,977,743		1,977,743
Total primary government	\$ 81,123,365	\$ 36,755,303	\$	4,055,407	\$	654,640	(41,635,758)	1,977,743)	(39,658,015)
	General revenues: Property taxes, I	neral revenues: Property taxes, levied for general purpose	ral purpose	0			12,932,606	•		12,932,606
	Franchise taxes	xex	: -				4,133,917	1		4,133,917
	Public service taxes	se taxes					8,404,256	•		8,404,256
	Unrestricted intergo	Unrestricted Intergovernmental					10,329,687	, 007		10,329,687
	Miscellaneous	sr					1.379,696	32,338 440,000		1,819,696
	Total general revenues	revenues					37,387,501	472,538		37,860,039
	Change in	Change in net assets					(4,248,257)	2,450,281		(1,797,976)
	Net assets, Oct	assets, October 1, as restated	_				29,946,507	33,106,685		63,053,192
	Net assets, September 30	stember 30,					\$ 25,698,250	\$ 35,556,966	\$	61,255,216

The notes to the finanical statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2011

			MA	JOR FUNDS						
		General		Community edevelopment Agency		Capital Projects		Other Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	5,575,433	\$	90,885	\$	5,551,297	\$	1,092,958	\$	12,310,573
Accounts receivable - net	Ψ	3,442,415	Ψ	90,003	Ψ	5,551,297	Ψ	1,092,930	Ψ	3,442,415
Due from other funds		5,442,415				3,854,750		_		3,854,750
Due from other governments		3,262,732		_		702,558		1,669,838		5,635,128
Inventories		166,778		_		-		-		166,778
Restricted assets:		,								,
Equity in pooled cash and investments		_		_		_		1,482,796		1,482,796
Land held for investment		_		2,888,575		_		-		2,888,575
Other assets		1,456,696		-		_		128,104		1,584,800
Total assets	\$	13,904,054	\$	2,979,460	\$	10,108,605	\$	4,373,696	\$	31,365,815
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	457,164		-	\$	113,980		_	\$	571,144
Accrued payroll		577,374		1,809		-		3,645		582,828
Accrued interest payable		-		· -		-		751,702		751,702
Notes payable		-		3,621,130		-		-		3,621,130
Due to other funds		384,279				-		2,067,024		2,451,303
Customer deposits		33,045		-		-		-		33,045
Unearned revenue		2,190,829		-		-		122,628		2,313,457
Insurance claims payable		5,443		-				-		5,443
Total liabilities		3,648,134	_	3,622,939	_	113,980		2,944,999	_	10,330,052
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Inventories		166,778		2,888,575		-		-		3,055,353
Restricted for:										
Social services		446,493		-		-		107,282		553,775
Committed for:										
Capital projects		-		-		9,994,625		-		9,994,625
Assigned:		0.700.404								0.700.404
Encumbrance		3,739,121		-		-		-		3,739,121
Natural disaster Debt reserve		500,000		-		-		1,482,796		500,000
		-		-		-		1,462,790		1,482,796
Unassigned:										
General fund		5,403,528		-		-		-		5,403,528
Public safety		-		- (0.500.05.1)		-		(161,381)		(161,381)
Community redevelopment agency		10.055.000		(3,532,054)		0.004.605		4 400 607		(3,532,054)
Total fund balances (deficit)	-	10,255,920		(643,479)		9,994,625		1,428,697		21,035,763
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	13,904,054	\$	2,979,460	\$	10,108,605	\$	4,373,696	\$	31,365,815

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2011

Fund balances - total government funds	\$	21,035,763
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets, net		81,697,987
Funds due from related entity		5,258,806
Deferred charges for issuance cost, net		1,282,073
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
2005 General Obligation Bonds	(295,000) (190,000) (4,260,000) (2,775,000) (6,495,000) (2,595,000) (3,700,000) (10,000,000) (29,205,000) (11,195,000) (8,926,039) (824,000) (736,297) (2,380,043)	(83,576,379)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

\$ 25,698,250

Net assets of governmental activities

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

MAJOR FUNDS

		MAJOR FUNDS			
	General	Community Redevelopment Agency	Capital Projects	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes:	A 40.074.000	•			
Property taxes	\$ 10,674,822	\$ -	\$ 2,188,234	\$ 69,552	\$ 12,932,608
Franchise taxes	4,133,917	-	-	-	4,133,917
Public service taxes	8,404,256	-	-	-	8,404,256
Charges for services	11,221,702	-	-	-	11,221,702
Administrative charges	5,344,558	-	-	1 040 005	5,344,558
Intergovernmental	8,370,580	654,640	261,499	1,942,385	11,229,104
Licenses and permits	1,952,467	-	-	77.070	1,952,467
Fines and forfeitures	507,261	-	-	77,873	585,134
Investment income	81,711	122	12,768	112,712	207,313
Rental income	277,438	84,149 496	11,191	-	361,587
Miscellaneous	267,847	490	11,191		279,534
Total revenues	51,236,559	739,407	2,473,692	2,202,522	56,652,180
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	11,038,044	569,518	-	-	11,607,562
Public safety	29,811,261	-	-	466,647	30,277,908
Physical environment	4,209,013	-	-	-	4,209,013
Transportation	676,078	-	-	-	676,078
Recreation and social services	3,022,184	-	-	4,110,144	7,132,328
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	2,284,670	2,284,670
Interest and issuance cost	-	-	-	2,475,944	2,475,944
Capital Outlay:					
Buildings	-	-	51,993	-	51,993
Improvements	-	-	3,705,027	-	3,705,027
Infrastructure	-	-	13,797	-	13,797
Machinery & equipment			720,643	24,809	745,452
Total Expenditures	48,756,580	569,518	4,491,460	9,362,214	63,179,772
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	2,479,979	169,889	(2,017,768)	(7,159,692)	(C FO7 FO0)
over (under) expenditures	2,479,979	109,009	(2,017,700)	(7,159,692)	(6,527,592)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	4,819,352	473,753	1,369,516	4,807,632	11,470,253
Transfers out	(3,433,555)	(763,057)	(6,309,193)	(964,448)	(11,470,253)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	(164,576)	(61,000)	(225,576)
Issuance of debt	-	-	11,803,215	-	11,803,215
Insurance recoveries					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,385,797	(289,304)	6,698,962	3,782,184	11,577,639
Net change in fund balances	3,865,776	(119,415)	4,681,194	(3,377,508)	5,050,047
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning	6,390,144	(524,064)	5,313,431	4,806,205	15,985,716
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$ 10,255,920	\$ (643,479)	\$ 9,994,625	\$ 1,428,697	\$ 21,035,763

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

Changes in fund balances - total government funds

5,050,047

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Expenditures for capital outlays 4,516,269
Less current year depreciation (3,694,239) 822,030

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

 Debt issuance
 (11,803,215)

 Debt issuance costs
 225,576

 Amortization of issurance costs
 (77,138)

 Principal repayments
 2,284,670
 (9,370,107)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(750,227)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

(4,248,257)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Net Assets
Proprietary Funds
September 30, 2011

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES-ENTERPRISE FUNDS-MAJOR FUNDS						
ASSETS	Water & Sewer	Stormwater	Performing Arts	Total			
Current assets: Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable - net Notes receivable Due from related entity Due from other government Inventories Other assets	\$ 2,157,332 6,101,814 3,621,130 5,498,133 2,101 52,932	\$ 2,826,107 13,322 - - 3,045 -	\$ 31,530 - - - - - -	\$ 5,014,969 6,115,136 3,621,130 5,498,133 5,146 52,932			
Total current assets	17,433,442	2,842,474	31,530	20,307,446			
Non-current assets: Restricted Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments Deferred charges Capital assets: Land Buildings	- 483,152 349,010 29,698,259	921,433 - - 1,968,791	:	921,433 483,152 349,010 31,667,050			
Improvements other than building Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Construction in progress Less accumulated depreciation	5,478,563 4,492,052 18,876,918 1,979,152 (27,676,377)	18,368,379 1,055,258 8,425,782 3,964 (9,343,352)	- - - 1,772,646	23,846,942 5,547,310 27,302,700 3,755,762 (37,019,729)			
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) Total non-current assets Total Assets	33,197,577 33,680,729 51,114,171	20,478,822 21,400,255 24,242,729	1,772,646 1,772,646 1,804,176	55,449,045 56,853,630 77,161,076			
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll Accrued interest payable Due to other funds Bonds payable - current portion Loans payable-current portion Customer deposits	1,093,194 49,812 416,369 - 1,075,000 18,208 34,390	21,431 300,133 - 420,000 499,688	- - - 1,403,447 - - -	1,093,194 71,243 716,502 1,403,447 1,495,000 517,896 34,390			
Total current liabilities Non-current liabilities: Bonds payable - noncurrent Loans payable-noncurrent Total noncurrent liabilities	2,686,973 19,050,000 325,814 19,375,814	1,241,252 9,540,000 7,356,624 16,896,624	1,403,447	5,331,672 28,590,000 7,682,438 36,272,438			
Total Liabilities	22,062,787	18,137,876	1,403,447	41,604,110			
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	12,728,555	2,662,510	1,772,646	17,163,711			
Renewal and replacement Unrestricted	11,317,275 5,005,554	3,442,343	(1,371,917)	11,317,275 7,075,980			
Total Net Assets	\$ 29,051,384	\$ 6,104,853	\$ 400,729	\$ 35,556,966			

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES-ENTERPRISE FUNDS-MAJOR FUNDS

	BOSINESS-TIFE ACTIVITIES-ENTERPRISE FONDS-WASON I							NDS	
		ater & Sewer		Stormwater	Perfo	rming Arts	Total		
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	17,164,030	\$	5,025,119	\$	-	\$	22,189,149	
Connection fees		2,863		-		-		2,863	
Other income		5,114		3,545		440,000		448,659	
Total Operating Revenues		17,172,007		5,028,664		440,000		22,640,671	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personal services		2,919,384		1,141,528		-		4,060,912	
Administrative expenses		3,879,388		803,195		-		4,682,583	
Contractual services		5,212,399		31,058		38,871		5,282,328	
Utilities		429,712		61,761		-		491,473	
Repairs and maintenance		159,271		32,078		-		191,349	
Materials and supplies		1,075,549		279,566		-		1,355,115	
Insurance claims and expenses		2,115		32,372		-		34,487	
Depreciation and amortization		1,351,425	_	1,195,159				2,546,584	
Total Operating Expenses		15,029,243		3,576,717		38,871		18,644,831	
Operating income		2,142,764		1,451,947		401,129		3,995,840	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Investment income		6.529		26.009		_		32.538	
Interest expense and fees		(887,943)		(690,154)		-		(1,578,097)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(881,414)		(664,145)		-		(1,545,559)	
Change in net assets		1,261,350		787,802		401,129		2,450,281	
Change in het assets		1,201,000		707,002		401,123		2,430,201	
NET ASSETS, OCTOBER 1		27,790,034	_	5,317,051		(400)		33,106,685	
NET ASSETS, SEPTEMBER 30	\$	29,051,384	\$	6,104,853	\$	400,729	\$	35,556,966	

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Water & Sewer	Stormwater	Performing Arts	TOTAL
Cash received from customers, other government and users	\$ 15,514,900	\$ 5,028,364	\$ 440,000	\$ 20,983,264
Payments for interfund activities	(3,879,388)	(803,194)	-	(4,682,582)
Cash paid to suppliers	(6,605,180)	(404,463)	(38,871)	(7,048,514)
Cash paid to employees	(3,006,852)	(1,141,877)		(4,148,729)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,023,480	2,678,830	401,129	5,103,439
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfer to other funds	(1,055,917)	_	-	(1,055,917)
Advances from other funds	-	660,139	74,774	734,913
Net Cash Provided (used) by noncapital and related financing activities	(1,055,917)	660,139	74,774	(321,004)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING				
ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(464,265)	(194,343)	(469,511)	(1,128,119)
Proceeds from capital debt	219,214	(101,010)	(100,011)	219,214
Principal retirements of long-term debt	(1,054,822)	(885,714)	-	(1,940,536)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(857,318)	(705,766)	-	(1,563,084)
Net Cash Provided (used) by Capital				
and Related Financing Activities	(2,157,191)	(1,785,823)	(469,511)	(4,412,525)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest on investments	6,529	26,009	-	32,538
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	6,529	26,009		32,538
• •				
NET INCREASE(DECREASE) IN POOLED CASH	(4.400.000)	4 570 455	0.000	400 440
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,183,099)	1,579,155	6,392	402,448
POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, OCTOBER 1	3,340,431	2,168,385	25,138	5,533,954
POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, SEPTEMBER 30	\$ 2,157,332	\$ 3,747,540	\$ 31,530	\$ 5,936,402
POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS PER STATEMENT				
OF NET ASSETS				
Unrestricted	\$ 2,157,332	\$ 2,826,107	\$ 31,530	\$ 5,014,969
Restricted		921,433		921,433
TOTAL, SEPTEMBER 30	\$ 2,157,332	\$ 3,747,540	\$ 31,530	\$ 5,936,402
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET				
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	¢ 0.440.764	¢ 4.454.047	¢ 404.400	\$ 3.995.840
Operating Income	\$ 2,142,764	\$ 1,451,947	\$ 401,129	\$ 3,995,840
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net				
Cash provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation and amortization	1,351,425	1,195,159		2,546,584
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	1,351,425	1,195,159	-	2,340,364
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable-net	(1,658,165)	_	_	(1,658,165)
(Increase) decrease advances to other Governments	308	(299)	_	(1,030,103)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	91,043	66,822	_	157,865
(Increase) decrease in inventories	1,133	-	_	1,133
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	270,618	_	-	270,618
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	12,068	6,136	-	18,204
Increase (decrease) in customer deposit	750	-	-	750
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(188,464)	(40,935)	-	(229,399)
Total adjustments	(119,284)	1,226,883		1,107,599
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 2,023,480	\$ 2,678,830	\$ 401,129	\$ 5,103,439

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2011

ASSETS	Pension Trust Funds				
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 4,363,350				
Receivables:					
Due from broker	40,168				
Interest and dividends	192,502				
Receivable for securities sold	87,577				
Contributions	112,050				
Total Receivables	432,297				
Investments, at fair value					
U.S. Government and agency securities	4,118,651				
Corporate bonds and notes	16,454,960				
Mutual funds	11,028,161				
Common stocks	38,306,833				
International equity funds Note receivable	10,431,711				
Real estate funds	2,400,000 4,225,134				
1 10011 2 0 10112 1 011 1 01	86,965,450				
Investments, at fair value	00,900,400				
Total Assets	91,761,097				
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	157,457				
Deferred revenues/future benefits	2,824,805				
Due to broker	27,045				
Payable for securities purchased	175,812				
Prepaid city contributions	4,508				
Total Liabilities	3,189,627				
NET ASSETS					
Held in trust for pension benefits	<u>\$ 88,571,470</u>				

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Fiduciary Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

	Pension Tru Funds			
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:				
City	\$	7,306,589		
Plan members		2,800,254		
State revenue		689,009		
Total contributions		10,795,852		
Investment income:				
Net appreciation in fair value				
of investments		(5,550,428)		
Interest and dividend income		3,063,574		
Total investment income		(2,486,854)		
Less: Investment expenses		508,985		
Deferred retirement option plan		79,814		
Net investment income		(3,075,653)		
Total additions		7,720,199		
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits paid		6,350,802		
Administrative expenses		371,925		
Refunds of contributions		201,649		
Total deductions		6,924,376		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		795,823		
NET ASSETS, OCTOBER 1		87,775,647		
NET ASSETS, SEPTEMBER 30	\$	88,571,470		

NOTE 1 -SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES

A. Financial reporting entity

The City of Lauderhill, Florida (the "City") is located in Broward County, Florida and is a municipal corporation that was incorporated in 1959 pursuant to the Laws of Florida 59-1487. The City is governed by a five-member commission with an elected Mayor. The City Commission is responsible for the appointment of the City Manager, who is charged with overseeing the operations of the City. The City provides the following services pursuant to the City Charter: general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, social services, and community development.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance. The significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the City are described below.

The definition of the financial reporting entity is based upon the concept that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. One of the objectives of financial reporting is to provide users of financial statements with a basis for assessing the accountability of the elected officials. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The City is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's board and it is able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits, or impose specific financial burdens on the City. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations.

As of September 30, 2011, the City had two entities, Community Redevelopment Agency and Windermere/Tree Gardens Safe Neighborhood Improvement District, which met these requirements. In addition, the City has a related entity, the Lauderhill Housing Authority.

Blended component units

Lauderhill Community Redevelopment Agency – In 2005, the Lauderhill Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) was created for the purpose of revitalizing and enhancing the City of Lauderhill, through infrastructure improvements and targeted acquisition and rehabilitation of deteriorated properties. The Mayor and City Commissioners are all members of the CRA Board and responsible for approving the budget. Therefore, the City is financially accountable for the CRA. The financial activities of the CRA are reported in the City's financial statements as a *Special Revenue Fund*.

Habitat II, Isle of Inverrary and Manor of Inverrary Safe Neighborhood Improvement Districts - In 2011. Windermere/Tree Gardens Safe Neighborhood Improvement District - In 2009. These Safe Neighborhood Improvement Special Districts were created to promote the health, safety and general welfare of its residents, visitors, property owners and workers. The Mayor and City Commissioners are members of the board of directors and responsible for overseeing the Special Districts. The financial statements of all four Safe Neighborhood Improvement Districts have been included within the City's reporting entity as the Safe Neighborhoods Special Revenue Fund.

Related organizations

The Lauderhill Housing Authority – was created under the provisions of Chapter 421 of the Florida State Statutes to operate housing projects for the benefit of lower income families. In addition, the City Mayor appoints and the Commission confirms the governing board of the Housing Authority but is not financially accountable for the organization. The City does not have any administrative functions or oversight nor do they benefit, positively or negatively, from the Authority's activities.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the City as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. General revenues consist of taxes and other items, not included among program revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. The proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported in the same manner. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash-flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the funding agency have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers receivables collected within 60 days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual, and therefore, have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and are available only when the City receives cash.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA), which is reported as a Special Revenue Fund, is a component unit blended in the City financial statements. It accounts for the resources accumulated for infrastructure improvement and rehabilitation of deteriorated properties within the City's boundary.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the resources accumulated for the completion of the five-year capital budget.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the provision of potable water to residents and the corresponding sewage disposal, which is processed by Broward County. The City operates the water treatment facility, water distribution system, sewage transportation pipelines, and sewage pumping stations.

The *Stormwater Fund* accounts for the infrastructure and operations of stormwater transportation, which is funded through user charges.

The *Performing Arts Center Fund* accounts for revenues and expenses of the cultural center, which will provide a wide variety of entertainment, including visual arts and enrichment events, for which a significant portion will be financed through user charges. The anticipated completion date of the Performing Arts Center is January 2014. At the completion of the facility, the City of Lauderhill will operate and budget for the Performing Arts and Broward County will be fiscally responsible for the Library.

Additionally, the City reports the *Pension Trust Funds* account for the activities of the General Employee Retirement System, the Firefighter Retirement System, the Police Retirement System, and the Confidential and Managerial Retirement System. These funds accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified

employees. The Pension Trust Funds are classified as Fiduciary Funds in the City's Financial Statements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer fund, of the Stormwater enterprise fund, and of the Cultural Center are charges to customers for sales and services.

The Water and Sewer fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Accountability and compliance

The City of Lauderhill utilized fund balance as a source of funds for the General Fund budget for the year ended September 30, 2011. The City budgeted and utilized the following amounts:

	Additional Original Budget Appropriations				Final Budget		
Restricted fund balance:							
General government	\$	11,120,824	\$	(1,285,458)	\$	9,835,366	
Public safety		28,323,152		5,163,736		33,486,888	
Public works		5,171,527		1,280,843		6,452,370	
Parks and leisure services		2,902,768		75,321		2,978,089	
Total	\$	47,518,271	\$	5,234,442	\$	52,752,713	

On September 30, 2011 The City Commission passed a resolution authorizing transfer of funds between departments to balance the General Fund expenditures for fiscal year 2011.

The Community Redevelopment Agency, Federal Forfeitures funds, Safe Neighborhood funds, Neighborhood Stabilization Program funds and Home grants had deficit fund balances of \$643,479, \$195,396, \$229,439, \$235,567 and \$234,363 respectively as of September 30, 2011. The funds increased expenditures to acquire real property for sale or redevelopment. The City plans to use the proceeds of the sale and tax revenue to eliminate the deficits.

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2010. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 did not have material impact on the financial statements of the City.

The definition of each classification is a follows:

Non-spendable - Amounts not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This includes inventories, long term loans and notes receivables, property acquired for sales and prepaid amounts.

Restricted - Amounts restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as creditors, laws or regulator of other governments or by law thorough constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts can be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments can only be removed or changed by the Authority through the same type of action employed to previously committed funds.

Assigned – Amounts that are neither restricted nor committed; however, funds are constrained for specific purposes. Assigned fund balance should not be reported if the assignment would result in a deficit in unassigned fund balance.

Unassigned - Fund balance that are not restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that must report a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

E. Assets, liabilities and net assets or equity

1. Cash and investments

The City's equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, demand deposits, investments with the State Board of Administration (SBA) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Resources of all funds, with the exception of the pension trust funds, and certain other cash and investment accounts, have been combined into a pooled cash and investment system for the purpose of maximizing earnings. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly based upon equity of the respective funds.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund types, cash and cash equivalent mean short term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

State statutes authorize the City to establish its own investment policy by ordinance. The investment ordinance allows up to 100% investment in the following instruments, subject to maturity limitations: local government surplus trust fund (SBA), Securities and Exchange Commission (S.E.C.) registered money market funds with the highest quality rating from a nationally recognized rating company, savings accounts and certificates of deposit in state-certified qualified public depositories, direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, and securities issued by federal agencies and instrumentalities. Up to 10% may be invested in common stocks, subject to quality restrictions.

All investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. SBA operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of SBA is the fair value of the pool shares.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Accounts receivable allowances are based on historical trends.

3. Property taxes

Property values are assessed as of January 1, of each year, at which time taxes becomes an enforceable lien on property. Tax bills are mailed for the City, by Broward County, on or about October 1 of each year, and are payable with discounts of up to 4% offered for early payment. Taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment and State law provides for enforcement of collection of property taxes by seizure of the personal property or by the sale of interest-bearing tax certificates to satisfy unpaid property taxes.

Assessed values are established by the Broward County Property Appraiser. In November 1992, a Florida constitutional amendment was approved by the voters which provides for limiting the increases in homestead property valuation for Ad Valorem Tax purposes to a maximum of 3% annually and also provides for reassessment of market values upon changes in ownership. The County bills and collects all property taxes and remits them to the City. Procedures for the collection of delinquent taxes by Broward County are provided for in the Laws of Florida. There were no material delinquent property taxes at September 30, 2011

State statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate up to 10 mills (\$10 per \$1,000 of assessed taxable valuation). The tax levy of the City is established by the City Commission and the Broward County Property Appraiser incorporated the City's millage into the total tax levy, which includes the County and the County School Board tax requirements. The millage rate assessed by the City for the year ended September 30, 2011 as 5.9574 mills (\$5.9574 per \$1,000 of taxable assessed valuation).

4. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Restricted assets

Certain proceeds from revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because

they are maintained in a separate investment accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "bond reserve account" is a separate brokerage account where securities have been purchased in lieu of surety bonds to subsidize potential deficiencies of revenues pledged for debt service. The "revenue bond renewal and replacement" account is used to report resources set aside to meet unexpected contingencies or to fund asset renewals and replacements. The various reserve accounts have been recorded on the balance sheets of the applicable funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is City policy to use unrestricted resources first, and then restricted resources as needed.

6. Capital assets

Capital assets - property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$750 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Purchased or constructed assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Building	40
Improvements	20
Public domain infrastructure	40
System infrastructure	40
Vehicles	5
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	5

7. Unearned revenue

Unearned revenues are recorded for government-wide and governmental funds receivables that are not both measurable and available. In addition, inflows that do not meet the criteria for revenue recognition, such as occupational licenses collected in advance, are recorded as unearned revenue in the government-wide and the fund statements.

8. Compensated absences

It is City policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. An employee may, on an annual basis, or upon termination, cash in a portion of these unused benefits at a discount. Vacation and sick pay benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements.

9. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. To ensure that the City has the financial means to address any unforeseen natural disasters, the City has created an account to designate part of fund balance for the accumulation of funds overtime. The City will make periodic transfers to this account when financial possible. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

11. Net assets

Net assets of the government-wide and proprietary funds are categorized as invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted or unrestricted. The first

category represents net assets related to capital assets net of any outstanding debt associated with the capital assets.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, restricted net assets are used to indicate the segregation of a portion of net assets equal to certain assets that are restricted by requirements of revenue bonds and other externally imposed constraints or by legislation in excess of the related liabilities payable from restricted assets.

12. Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs/Bond Premium

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. The unamortized portion is recorded as unamortized bond issuance costs on the statement of net assets.

13. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

14. RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET ASSETS

The Fund Net Assets for fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 were restated due to the omission of depreciation expenses in the amount of \$1,300,209. The implementation of fixed asset software contributed to the omission.

Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

Ending net asset, as previously reported, Sept. 30, 2010 Adjustment, depreciation expenses Ending net assets, restated, Sept. 30, 2010 \$31,246,716 (1,300,209) \$29,946,507

This restatement did not have a material impact on the government-wide financial statements individually or in the aggregate.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City, for accounting and investment purposes, maintains a cash and investment pool for use by all City funds. This gives the City the ability to invest large amount of idle cash for short periods of time and to maximize earning potential. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as cash and equity in pooled cash and investments. Income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the respective funds based on average daily balances.

Cash Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's cash deposits were \$14,248,347 including petty cash on hand of \$3,860 as of September 30, 2011; the total of which is collateralized or insured with securities held by the City or by its agent in the name of the City as discussed below.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. All of the City's deposits are entirely insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized by the multiple financial institution collateral pool pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, and "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act". Under this Act, all qualified public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral. Public deposits are protected by deposit insurance, sale of securities pledged as collateral, and assessments made to other public depositories when needed to guarantee no loss will be incurred by the public depositor.

Investments

Under the provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with Florida Statutes, the following investments were authorized:

Maximum %

	Maxilliuiii 70
	<u>Portfolio</u>
State Board of Administration	100%
Money Market Funds	100%
Certificate of Deposits	100%
U.S. Treasury Securities	100%
U.S. Government Obligations and Instrumentalities	100%
Lauderhill Loan Consortium	\$60,000
Commercial Papers by any U.S. Corporation	10%
Option Contracts	10%

As of September 30, 2011, the City had the following investments and maturities:

	Credit Quality Ratings	<u>Fair Value</u>	Weighted Avg. Maturity (Years)
Money Market Funds SBA	Not Rated Not Rated	\$ 885,570 42,458	- -
US Government Securities	Aaa/AA+	1,523,884	8.70
		\$ 2,451,912	8.70

Interest Rate Risk In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to decline in fair value by limiting its investment portfolio to less than four (4) years.

Credit Risk Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. State limits investments in commercial papers and corporate bonds to the highest credit rating from a nationally recognized rating agency. It is the City's policy to keep ninety (90) percent of the total portfolio in low risk investments such as US Treasury obligations that are diversified by purchase date and maturity dates while remaining ten (10) percent may be invested to high risk investments such as common stocks rated in one (1) of the top three (3) investment categories by major rating service.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The investment policy of the City contains no limitation on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stated above. Investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of the total City investments are as follows:

<u>Issuer</u> <u>Type</u>		<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>
FNMA	Governmental Agencies	1,263,535	6.60

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City's investment policy provided that securities may be held in street name in an account under the name of the City at the primary dealer where the securities was purchased provided that the total value of the account is insured and a monthly account statement evidencing all holdings is sent to the City by the dealer.

The Employee Pension Plan investments are held separately from those of other City funds. As described by the plan documents, the plan administrator is authorized to invest plan assets in obligations of the U.S. Government and various mutual and money market funds, which are held by the plan administrators and not in the City's name. The

plan investments are held by Fifth Third Bank, Regions Bank and Fiduciary Trust which consisted of the following:

	Amounts in Thousands								
Investment type		Employees ent System		refighter ment System		ce Officer nent System	Confidential and and Managerial Retirement Plan		
US Government securities	\$	-	\$	4,119	\$	-	\$	-	
Corporate bonds and notes		-		4,840		7,176		4,438	
Mutual funds		7,692		-		3,336		-	
International equities		157		4,914		3,988		1,373	
Common stocks		4,564		19,033		9,873		4,837	
Notes receivable				1,000		1,000		400	
Real estate fund		850		3,375		-		-	
	\$	13,263	\$	37,281	\$	25,373	\$	11,048	

General Employee Retirement System (GERS)

The Board of Trustees has developed certain investment guidelines and has retained investment managers. The investment managers are expected to maximize return on the investment portfolio and may make transactions consistent with that expectation within the Board's guidelines. The investment managers are compensated based on a percentage of their portfolio's market value.

	Amounts in Thousands									
	Investment Maturities (in Years)									
Investment type	Fair <u>Value</u>		Less than <u>1 Year</u>		1-5 Years		6-10 Years		More than 10 Years	
Money market	\$	1,176								
Mutual bond funds		5,555								
Total	\$	6,731	\$	_	\$	3,298	\$	2,221	\$	1,212

Interest rate risk. As a mean of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the plan's investment policy limits the duration of its fixed income portfolio to less than 135% of the duration of the market index. The market index is defined as the Lehman Aggregate Bond Index. As of September 30, 2011, the fixed income portfolio's weighted average maturity was 6.7 years.

Credit risk. The plan limits its credit risk by establishing the following investment guidelines:

Credit Risk Rating

Fixed income securities

Aa3/A

As of September 30, 2011, the plan was in compliance with the established guidelines.`

Concentration of credit risk. The plan's investment policy places investment limitations and provides target allocations to its investment managers to limit credit risk due to concentration. The following are the established target allocations for the plan:

	Target Allocation
Domestic equity securities	50%
Foreign equity securities	15%
Fixed income securities	35%

Equity and fixed income securities are also limited to no more than 5% in one single issuer. There were no single investments greater than 5% of net assets as of September 30, 2011.

Firefighter Retirement System (FRS)

The plan's investment as determined by the Board of Trustees provided for the following guidelines: (a) investment in all equity securities shall be limited to those listed on a major U.S. stock exchange and limited to no more than 85% of the Plan's total asset value, (b) no more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in the shares of a single corporate issuer at cost, (c) the target allocation for investment in stocks of foreign companies is 10% of the value of the portfolio, (d) fixed income portfolio shall be comprised of securities rated not less than "A" rating by a major rating service and limited to no more than 40% of the Plan's total asset value, and (e) in the event that there is a downgrade in the quality below the "BAA" rating, the security must be liquidated immediately or in a manner not to be detrimental to the performance of the plan. As of September 30, 2011 International Equity Funds amounted to \$4,914,093.

Interest rate risk. As a mean of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the plan diversifies its investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair value of the Plan's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the plan's investment by maturity as of September 30, 2011.

	 Amounts in Thousands							
				Inve	stment Maturi	ties (iı	n Years)	
	Fair	Les	s than					More than
	<u>Value</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>Year</u>		<u>1-5 Years</u>	<u>6-1</u>	0 Years	10 Years
Investment type								
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 1,009	\$	-	\$	216	\$	670	\$ 125
U.S. Agencies	3,109		-		-		580	2,529
Corporate Bonds	4,841		132		1,641		1,695	1,372
Total	\$ 8,959	\$	132	\$	1,857	\$	2,945	\$ 4,026

Credit risk. The plan's investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to control this risk. This risk is generally measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

The following table discloses credit ratings by investment type, at September 30, 2011 as applicable:

US Government guaranteed*	Fair Value In Thousands \$ 4,119	
Quality rating of credit risk debt securities	Ψ 4,113	45.57 76
AAA	633	7.04%
AA+	120	1.34%
AA	214	2.39%
AA-	195	2.19%
A+	576	6.43%
Α	1,217	13.58%
A-	1,566	17.49%
BBB+	211	2.34%
BBB	20	0.22%
BBB-	27	0.30%
BB	7	0.08%
В	9	0.10%
B-	45	0.50%
Total credit risk debt securities	4,840	<u>54.03%</u>
Total fixed income securities	\$ 8,959	100.00%

^{*}Obligation of the US government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the US government are not considered to have credit risk and do not have purchase limitations.

Concentration of credit risk. The investment policy of the plan contains limitation on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer as well as maximum portfolio allocation percentages. There were no individual investments that represent 5% or more of combined plan net assets at September 30, 2011.

Custodial credit risk. Consistent with the plan's investment policy, the investments are held by plan's custodial bank and registered in the plan's name.

Police Retirement System (PRS)

The Plan's investment policy is determined by the Board of Trustees. The investment policy provided for the following guidelines: (a) investment in all equity securities shall be limited to those listed on a major US stock exchange and limited to no more than 75% (at market) of the Plan's total asset value. No more than 5% of the portfolio may be invested in the shares of a single corporate issuer at cost. Investment in stocks of foreign companies shall be limited to 25% of the value of the portfolio at cost; (b) the corporate fixed income portfolio shall be comprised of securities rated not less than "BBB" by a major rating service with no more than 15% of the Plan's total asset value. In the event that there is a downgrade in the quality below the "BBB" rating, the security must be sold at the earliest beneficial opportunity; (c) investment in collateralized mortgage obligation should be limited to 15% of the market value of the portfolio and limited to rating of "BBB".

Interest rate risk. As a mean of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the Plan diversifies its investment by security type and institution, and limits holdings in anyone type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Plan's investment to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the plan's investment by maturity at September 30, 2011:

	Amounts in Thousands							
		Investment Maturities (in Years)						
	Fair	Less than			More than			
Investment type	<u>Value</u>	1 Year	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	10 Years			
Bond funds	7,176			3,922	3,254			
Total	\$ 7,176	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,922	\$ 3,254			

Credit risk. The Plan's investment policy utilizes diversification in order to control this risk. The following table discloses credit ratings by investment type at September 30, 2011 as applicable:

	Fair Value	<u>Portfolio</u>
Quality rating of credit risk debt securities		
AAA	2,000	27.80%
AA	979	13.60%
Α	1,473	20.50%
BBB	1,877	26.20%
BB	593	8.30%
В	176	2.50%
Below B	78	1.10%
Total credit risk debt securities	\$ 7,176	100%

Concentration of credit risk. The investment policy of the plan contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer as well as maximum portfolio allocation percentages. There were no individual investments that represent 5% or more of combined plan net assts at September 30, 2011.

Custodial credit risk. Consistent with the plan's investment policy, the investment are held by plan's custodial bank and registered in the plan's name.

Confidential and Managerial Employee Retirement Plan

The Plan maintains a Master Custodial Agreement, whereby the investment securities are held in the Plan's name by a financial institution acting as the Plan's agent. Included in investments are money market mutual funds, which are classified as short-term investments.

As of September 30, 2011, the Plan had the following investment and maturities in its portfolio:

		Amounts in Thousands								
	,	Investment Maturities (in Years)								
		Fair	L	ess than					More	than
Investment type		<u>Value</u>		1 Year	<u>1-5</u>	Years	<u>6-</u>	10 Years	<u>10 \</u>	ears/
Corporate bonds and notes	\$	4,438	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,438	\$	
Total	\$	4,438	\$		\$		\$	4,438	\$	_

Interest rate risk. The Plan diversifies its investments by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

Credit risk. State law and Plan's investment policy limits investments in bonds, stocks, or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States, any state or organized territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, provided the corporation is listed on any one or more of the recognized national stock exchange or on the National Market System of the NASDAQ Stock Market and in the case of bonds only, holds a rating in one of the three highest classifications by a major rating service. The fixed income portfolio shall be comprised of securities rated "A" or higher by Moody's or Standard & Poor's rating services with no more than 10% of an investment manager's total fixed income portfolio invested in the securities of any single corporate issuer.

Concentration of credit risk. The Plan's investment policy stipulates various investment restrictions for equity and fixed income securities of any one issuing company or

agency. As of September 30, 2011, the value of each position held by the Plan portfolio comprised less than 5% of the Plan assets.

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds and non-major funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	Accounts Receivable, net		Due from other Governments		Total
Governmental Activities		•			
General	\$	3,622,592	\$	3,262,732	\$ 6,885,324
Capital Projects		-		702,558	702,558
Other Non-Major Government				1,669,838	1,669,838
		3,622,592		5,635,128	9,257,720
Allowance for uncollectibles		(180,177)		-	(180,177)
		3,442,415		5,635,128	9,077,543
Business-type Activities		_			
Water and Sewer		6,138,924		2,101	6,141,025
Stormwater		13,322		3,045	16,367
		6,152,246		5,146	6,157,392
Allowance for uncollectibles		(37,110)			(37,110)
		6,115,136		5,146	6,120,282
Pension trust funds		432,297			432,297
TOTAL	\$	9,989,848	\$	5,640,274	\$ 15,630,122

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition on revenues received but not yet earned. On September 30, 2011, unearned revenue in the governmental funds and government-wide statements amounted to \$2,313,457.

Payables at September 30, 2011 were as follows:

Governmental Actvities:	
General	\$ 457,164
Capital Projects	113,980
	571,144
Business-type Activities:	
Water and sewer	 1,093,194
	1,093,194
Fiduciary Funds:	
Pension trust funds	157,457
Total	\$ 1,821,795

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2011 was as follows:

Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>	
\$ 27,099 1,211 28,310	\$ - 3,170 3,170	\$ - 309 309	\$ 27,099 4,072 31,171	
21,913 39,991 18,161 15,784 95,849	284 613 745 14 1,656	- - - - -	22,197 40,604 18,906 15,798 97,505	
(11,568) (14,793) (10,800) (43,284) 52,565	(1,610) (1,280) (254) (3,694) (2,038)	- - - - - -	(6,673) (13,178) (16,073) (11,054) (46,978) 50,527	
	\$ 27,099 1,211 28,310 21,913 39,991 18,161 15,784 95,849 (6,123) (11,568) (14,793) (10,800) (43,284)	Balance Additions \$ 27,099 \$ - 1,211 3,170 28,310 3,170 21,913 284 39,991 613 18,161 745 15,784 14 95,849 1,656 (6,123) (550) (11,568) (1,610) (14,793) (1,280) (10,800) (254) (43,284) (3,694) (43,284) (3,694) 52,565 (2,038)	Balance Additions Deletions \$ 27,099 \$ - \$ - 1,211 3,170 309 28,310 3,170 309 21,913 284 - 39,991 613 - 18,161 745 - 15,784 14 - 95,849 1,656 - (6,123) (550) - (11,568) (1,610) - (14,793) (1,280) - (10,800) (254) - (43,284) (3,694) - 52,565 (2,038) -	

Duniman hung pakiniking.	Beginning Balance	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 349	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 349
Construction in progress	3,373	539	157	3,755
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,722	539	157	4,104
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building	31,544	124	-	31,668
Improvements (other than building)	23,225	622	-	23,847
Machinery and equipment	5,547	-	-	5,547
Infrastructure	27,303			27,303
Total capital assets being depreciated	87,619	746		88,365
Less: accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	(12,000)	(780)	-	(12,780)
Improvements (other than building)	(7,456)	(1,064)	-	(8,520)
Machinery and equipment	(5,324)	(100)	-	(5,424)
Infrastructure	(9,693)	(603)		(10,296)
Total accumulated depreciation	(34,473)	(2,547)		(37,020)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	53,146	(1,801)		51,345
Business-type activites capital assets, net	\$ 56,868	<u>\$ (1,262)</u>	<u>\$ 157</u>	\$ 55,449

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 644
Public safety	953
Physical environment	252
Transportation	496
Recreation and social services	 1,349
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 3,694
Business-type activities Water and sewer Stormwater	\$ 1,352 1,195
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 2,547

Construction commitments

The City of Lauderhill has active construction projects as of September 30, 2011:

	In Thousands				
	(Construction	Remaining		
Project Title	(Cost-to-Date	Commitment		
Performing Arts Center	\$	1,773	\$	13,059	
Cultural Museum and Community Center		799	\$	398	
Recreational Improvement		2,254		2,997	
Water and Sewer Projects		2,106		924	
Storm Water Projects		35		1,385	
Gateway		860		126	
Total	\$	7,827	\$	18,889	

The commitment for sewer line and inflow mitigation and stormwater projects are being financed by water and sewer revenue and storm water bonds. The commitment for gateway, recreational improvement, and City building are being financed by the resources from the proceeds of general obligation bonds.

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of inter-fund balances as of September 30, 2011, is as follows:

Due to / from other funds

Receivable Fund	<u>Amount</u>	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
Capital Project Funds	3,854,750	General	384,279
		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,067,024
		Enterprise Funds	1,403,447
Total	\$ 3,854,750	Total	\$ 3,854,750

The outstanding balances between Governmental Funds mainly resulted from time log between the dates that (a) inter-fund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (b) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (c) payments between funds are made. The amount due to the Capital Projects Fund from the Performing Arts Center totaling \$1,403,447 is short-term borrowing that will be repaid using grant receipts.

Inter-fund transfers

<u>Fund</u>	 Transfer in	Transfer out
General	\$ 4,819,352	\$3,433,555
Community Redevelopment Agency	473,753	763,057
Capital Projects	1,369,516	6,309,193
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 4,807,632	964,448
	\$ 11,470,253	\$11,470,253

Transfers were used to move revenues from the fund with collection authorization, to the debt service fund, as debt service principal and interest payment became due and to cover contractual expenses in other funds.

NOTE 6 – LEASES

In 2007, the Lauderhill Finance Corporation "a not for profit" was created under the provisions of Chapter 617 of the Florida State Statutes with The Mayor and City Commissioners as members of the board of trustees and are responsible for overseeing the Corporation. The City does not administer any functions or oversight nor receive benefit from the Corporation.

Operating Leases

On September 2007, the City of Lauderhill entered into a Operating Lease agreement with the Lauderhill Finance Corporation, "a not for profit", whereby the City leases the City of Lauderhill Municipal Building at 5581 W. Oakland Park Blvd, Florida, 33313 from the Corporation, which was completed on October 1, 2010. Total rental expenditure for this operating lease for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, was \$1,117,893. The lease renewal term is annually and the agreement is cancelable.

On September 2007, the City entered into a Ground Lease Agreement with Lauderhill Finance Corporation, "a non for profit", whereby the Corporation leases land from the City. The lease is for 20 years at \$1.00 payment per year with an automatic ten years renewal period upon mutual consent.

Capital Leases

The City entered into lease purchase agreements with Old National Bank and Suntrust Bank as lessees for financing the acquisition of equipment. The agreements were initiated 2009 and 2011 and expired in 2014 and 2016 respectively. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore have been recorded at the present value of future lease payments as of the inception dates. The leases carry interest rates of 4.79% and 3.33% with annual payments of \$45,932 and \$133,016 respectively.

The future (minimum) lease obligations and the net present value of capital lease payments as of September 30, 2011 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30

2012	\$ 181,444
2013	178,948
2014	178,948
2015	133,016
2016	133,016
Total Lease Payment	805,372
Less: Amount of Interest	 (69,075)
Present Value of Lease Payment	\$ 736,297

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Revenue Bonds

The City issues bonds where it pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds have been issued for both the governmental and business-type activities. The original amount of revenue bonds issued in prior years was \$89,440,000 and during the year, revenue bonds totaling \$17,490,000 were issued to finance various capital projects and to refund previously issued revenue bonds.

Revenue bonds outstanding as at September 30, 2011 were as follows:

		4	Amounts inTh	<u>ousands</u>	
			Average		
			Semi-annual	Original	Outstanding
	Interest Rates	Maturity	<u>Payment</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Governmental actvities:					
1998 Half-cent sales tax	3.80% - 4.30%	2018	\$345	\$5,000	\$295
2001 Half-cent sales tax	4.25% - 4.95%	2021	283	5,000	190
2003 Half-cent sales tax	4.00% - 4.45%	2025	268	5,000	4,260
2005 Half-cent sales tax - refunding	2.38% - 4.15%	2017	3.82	4,645	2,775
2010 Half-cent sales tax	2.86%	2024	433	6,565	6,495
2010 Water utility tax	3.23%	2025	333	10,000	10,000
2011 A Sales tax	2.11%	2018	371	2,595	2,595
2011 B Sales tax	2.71%	2023	308	37	3,700
2011-Communication BOA	3.52%	2026	407	6,100	6,100
2011-Communication Chase	2.68%	2031	255	5,095	<u>5,095</u>
					41,505
Business-type activities:					41,505
Water and Sewer					
2001 Water and sewer - refunding	3.25% - 4.00%	2011	326	3,035	305
2005A Water and sewer	3.00% - 4.50%	2026	278	5,000	4,800
2005B Water and sewer - refunding	2.75% - 4.13%	2016	364	3,850	2,385
2006 Water and sewer	4.13% - 4.25%	2031	556	5,000	5,000
2007 Water and sewer	3.40% - 4.25%	2022	579	8,165	7,635
2004 Stormwater	4.00% - 5.00%	2028	239	5,000	4,550
2009 Stormwater	4.92%	2024	400	5,690	5,410
					30,085
Total Revenue Bonds					\$71,590

B. General obligation

In 2005, the City issued \$35 million general obligation bond to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects within a five year period. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge of full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds outstanding at year-end are as follows:

	<u>In Thousands</u>						
	Interest Rates	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Payment</u>	<u>Amount</u>			
2005 General Obligation	3% - 4.50%	2030	\$980	\$29,205			

C. State revolving fund loan

The City entered into State Revolving Loan Funding Agreement with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to finance various projects for stormwater and water and sewer improvements. The loans were made available on a reimbursement basis at below market interest rates. The total funding from these agreements aggregated to \$11,198,148 and approximately \$8,200,334 is outstanding in the Stormwater and Water and Sewer Funds as of September 30, 2011. These loans require annual payment of approximately \$492,378 and interest rate ranging from 2.71% to 3.52%.

D. Bank Loans

The City has established a bank revolving loan line of credit. These funds were used to fund capital purchase needs of the Community Redevelopment Agency and a related organization. As of September 30, 2011 the outstanding balance is \$8,926,039 and is reflected in the Governmental Activities.

E. Debt service requirements

Debt service requirements (in thousands) for these revenue and general obligations and state revolving fund loan are listed below:

Government Activities

Year Ending		Rev	enue	<u> </u>	General Obligation		Economic Development			<u>Total</u>						
<u>30-Sep</u>	Pr	incipal	<u>In</u>	<u>terest</u>	Pri	<u>incipal</u>	<u>In</u>	<u>terest</u>	<u>Pri</u>	ncipal	<u>In</u>	<u>terest</u>	Pri	incipal	<u>In</u>	<u>terest</u>
2012	\$	1,616	\$	1,066	\$	1,050	\$	1,199	\$	-	\$	167	\$	2,666	\$	2,432
2013		2,195		1,226		1,085		1,162		-		286		3,280		2,674
2014		2,304		1,157		1,125		1,122		516		277		3,945		2,556
2015		2,377		1,085		1,170		1,079		532		261		4,079		2,425
2016		2,446		1,009		1,215		1,033		549		244		4,210		2,286
2017-2021		13,527		3,812		6,870		4,374		3,019		939		23,416		9,125
2022-2026		14,690		1,494		8,460		2,782		3,534		416		26,684		4,692
2027-2031		2,025		156		8,230		760		776		13		11,031		929
2032-2036		325		4				1,169				_		325		1,173
	\$	41,505	\$	11,009	\$	29,205	\$	14,680	\$	8,926	\$	2,603	\$	79,636	\$	28,292

Business-Type Activities

Year Ending		Water & Sewer				Stormater				<u>Total</u>			
<u>30-Sep</u>	<u>Pr</u>	incipal	<u>In</u>	<u>terest</u>	Pr	<u>incipal</u>	<u>In</u>	<u>terest</u>	<u>Pr</u>	<u>incipal</u>	<u>In</u>	terest	
2012	\$	1,094	\$	816	\$	920	\$	675	\$	2,014	\$	1,491	
2013		1,114		779		949		641		2,063		1,420	
2014		1,164		737		989		607		2,153		1,344	
2015		1,204		692		1,024		570		2,228		1,262	
20.16		1,245		644		1,060		532		2,305		1,176	
2017-2021		6,040		2,458		5,932		2,031		11,972		4,489	
2022-2026		3,137		1,459		5,126		848		8,263		2,307	
2027-2031		4,316		776		1,816		119		6,132		895	
		1,155		25		-		-		1,155		25	
	\$	20,469	\$	8,386	\$	17,816	\$	6,023	\$	38,285	\$	14,409	

G. Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2011 is listed below:

	Beginning Balance Additions			<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:								
Bonds payable								
Revenue bonds	\$	31,335	\$	17,490	\$ 7,320	\$ 41,505	\$	1,617
General obligation bonds		30,220		-	1,015	29,205		1,050
Capital lease		298		608	170	736		158
Bank Lines of Credit		9,001		-	75	8,926		-
Total bonds payable		70,854		18,098	8,580	80,372		2,825
Unamortized deferred bond Premium		1,134		-	 1,134	 -		-
Compensated absences		2,308		72	-	2,380		-
Governmental activity							•	
Long-term liabilities	\$	74,296	\$	18,170	\$ 9,714	\$ 82,752	\$	2,825
Business-type activities Bonds payable		-						
Revenue bonds	\$	31,535	\$	-	\$ 1,450	\$ 30,085	\$	1,495
State revolving fund loan		8,472		219	491	8,200		518
Unamortized deferred bond Premium		533		-	533	-		-
Compensated absences		229		-	229	-		-
Business-type activity								
Long-term liabilities	\$	40,769	\$	219	\$ 2,703	\$ 38,285	\$	2,013

For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

NOTE 8 – OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort, theft, and destruction of assets, error and omission, injury to employees, and disasters. The Self-Insurance Program is accounted for in the General Fund. Under this Program, individual claims up to \$75,000 are paid. Commercial insurance has been purchased for individual claims in excess of \$75,000, and for total claims that exceed \$1,000,000 in a single year. Specialized insurance is purchased for boiler and machinery, sports accident, and fidelity bonds. Claims did not exceed the excess coverage of \$1,500,000 per claim for property and liability, or \$1,000,000 per claim for workers compensation in any of the past three years.

The City reviews and submits all claims to a claims administration firm. The firm reviews the claims and investigates as needed. A recommendation is then made for the City to pay the claim or to negotiate or litigate. The General and Proprietary Funds participate in the Program and pay their fair share based on submitted claims.

The estimated claims payable as of September 30, 2011 amounted to \$736,187, of which \$5,443 is currently due and payable. A liability for claims should be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates probability that a liability that was incurred at the date of the financial statements can be reasonably estimated. Current year claims are based on estimates from a third party administrator. Changes to claims liability balances during the past two years are:

	Year en	ded
	09/30/2011	09/30/2010
Unpaid claims, beginning	\$916,400	\$612,289
New claims	1,061,511	849,475
Claim payments	(1,241,724)	(545,364)
Unpaid claims, ending	\$736,187	\$916,400

B. Contingent liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. The outcome of these lawsuits cannot presently be determined. In the opinion of the City Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse impact to the financial condition of the City.

C. On behalf payment of fringe benefits and salaries

In 2011, the City's financial statements include revenue and expenditures from contributions received from State Department of Revenues and Division of Retirement on behalf of its Firefighter and Police Officers Retirement Systems amounting to \$403,937 and \$285,072 respectively. The monies were deposited within 5 days from their receipt in accordance with the provisions of the law.

D. Restricted assets

The balance of the restricted asset accounts in the governmental and enterprise funds are as follows:

Equity in pool cash and investments \$1,482,796 Revenue bond reserve \$21,433

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

The City maintains four separate single-employer, defined benefit pension plans – The General Employee Retirement System, The Firefighter Retirement System, The Police Retirement System, and the Confidential and Managerial Retirement System. All employees are eligible to make voluntary contributions to a 457 defined benefit plan (457 plan). Some managerial employees participate in a previously available 401- (A) money purchase plan. With the exception of the City Manager and Department Directors, all other full-time employees hired after September 30, 2002 are required to participate in one of the defined benefit pension plans based on their job classification.

Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of accounting

All four defined benefit plans present their financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due, and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Valuation of investments

All plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the balance sheet date. Securities without an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Plan descriptions

A separate five-member board of trustees administers each plan. All full-time employees are covered by one of the aforementioned plans. The plans provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Plan provisions are amended through the collective bargaining process and must be

approved by the City of Lauderhill, City Commission. A separately issued financial report that includes the applicable financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan, may be obtained from the Plan Administrator in City Hall.

Plans' Membership Information

At October 1, 2010, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the Plans' membership consisted of:

	General Employees Retirement System	Firefighter Retirement System	Police Retirement System	Confidential and Managerial Retirement Syetem
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits, but not yet receiving them	127	61	22	46
Current employees: Fully-Vested Non-Vested	35 56 218	28 50 139	80 33 135	34 39 119

A. General Employees Retirement System (GERS)

Annual Pension Cost. For 2011, the City's annual pension cost of \$993,731 equaled its required and actual contribution. The required contribution was determined by the October 1, 2010 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Actuarial assumptions are 8% investment return and 7% projected salary increases. Chapter 112, Part VII, Florida Statutes requires amortization for unfunded liabilities being amortized over 20 years. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a four-year period. GERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized on an open level dollar basis. Thirty years remained in the amortization period at September 30, 2011.

Three-Year Trend Information for GERS

	Annual Pension	Percentage of	Net Pension
Fiscal Year Ending	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation
September 30, 2011	\$993,731	100%	N/A
September 30, 2010	920,970	100%	N/A
September 30, 2009	809,482	100%	N/A

B. Firefighter Retirement System (FRS)

Annual Pension Cost. For 2011, the City's annual pension cost of \$3,187,039 equaled its required and actual contribution. The required contribution was determined by the October 1, 2010 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Actuarial assumptions are 8% investment return and 7% projected salary increases. In addition, contributions in the amount of \$403,937 were received from the State of Florida from fire and casualty insurance premium taxes. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a four-year period. FRS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized on a closed level dollar basis. Thirty years remained in the amortization period at September 30, 2011.

Three-Year Trend Information for FRS

	Annual Pension	Percentage of	Net Pension
Fiscal Year Ending	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation
September 30, 2011	\$3,187,039	100%	N/A
September 30, 2010	2,952,870	100%	N/A
September 30, 2009	2,448,774	100%	N/A

C. Police Retirement System (PRS)

Annual Pension Cost. For 2011, the City's annual pension cost of \$1,974,232 equaled its required and actual contribution. The required contribution of 10% was determined by the October 1, 2010 actuarial valuation, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Actuarial assumptions are 8% investment return and 7% projected salary increases. In addition, contributions in the amount of \$285,072 were received from the State of Florida from fire and casualty insurance premium taxes. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the market value of investments. PRS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized on a closed level dollar basis. Thirty years remained in the amortization period at September 30, 2011.

Three-Year Trend Information for PRS

	Annual Pension	Percentage of	Net Pension
Fiscal Year Ending	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation
September 30, 2011	\$1,974,232	100%	N/A
September 30, 2010	1,969,869	100%	N/A
September 30, 2009	2,076,113	100%	N/A

D. Confidential and Managerial Retirement System (CMRS)

Annual Pension Cost. For 2011, the City's annual pension cost of \$1,566,677 equaled its required and actual contribution. The required contribution of 8% was determined by the October 1, 2010 actuarial valuation, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Actuarial assumptions are 8% investment return and 7% projected salary increases. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the market value of investments. CMRS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized on a closed level dollar basis. Twenty-five years remained in the amortization period as of September 30, 2011.

Three-Year Trend Information for CMRS

	Annual Pension	Percentage of	Net Pension
Fiscal Year Ending	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation
September 30, 2011	\$1,566,677	100%	N/A
September 30, 2010	1,464,812	100%	N/A
September 30, 2009	1,225,500	100%	N/A

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Pension and OPEB as of October 1, 2010, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation date is as follows:

					Į	Jnfunded			
	Actuarial	Actuarial		Actuarial		Actuarial			UAAL as %
	Valuation	Value of	Acc	rued Liability	Acc	rued Liability	Funded	Covered	of Covered
	<u>Date</u>	<u>Assets</u>	(AA	AL) Entry Age	<u>(U</u>	AAL) (3)-(2)	Ratio (2)/(3)	<u>Payroll</u>	Payroll (4)/(6)
GERS	10/1/2010	\$ 15,597,828	\$	21,784,980	\$	6,187,152	71.6%	\$ 3,756,141	164.7%
FRS	10/1/2010	39,963,208		59,032,701		19,069,493	67.7%	5,975,394	319.1%
PRS	10/1/2010	27,137,000		35,483,000		8,346,000	76.5%	9,149,000	91.2%
CMRS	10/1/2010	13,284,000		20,806,000		7,522,000	63.8%	4,415,000	170.4%
OPEB	10/1/2010	-		2,857,000		2,857,000	0.0%	25,166,000	11.4%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplemental Information (RSI) following the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements presents multi-year

trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AAL for benefits. The projection for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City of Lauderhill Other Postemployment Employment Benefits (OPEB) is presented in accordance with GASB Statement 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". The provisions of this pronouncement were implemented prospectively with the actuarially determined liability of \$454,000 at the October 1, 2007 date of transition being amortized over 10 years. For financial statement purposes, this liability was not reported at the transition date. In additional, pursuant to Florida Statutes Section 112.0801, employees who retired from the City may continue their participation in a City sponsored health and /or dental insurance plan at the same premiums applicable to active employees.

Benefit Description and Funding Policy

The City provides a single employer optional post-employment healthcare insurance coverage to eligible individuals, as well as dental and vision insurance coverage. Eligible individuals include all regular employees of the City of Lauderhill who retired from active service and are eligible for retirement or disability benefits under the general, managerial and confidential, police or firefighter pension plan sponsored by the City. Under certain conditions, eligible individuals for healthcare coverage also include spouses and dependent children. Eligible individuals may choose healthcare coverage under a health maintenance organization (HMO plan or under a preferred provider organization (PPO) plan. The benefit continues until retiree dies or terminates the benefit and is funded as a pay-as-you-go basis. Retirees contribute an amount equal to the actual premium for health insurance that is charged by the carrier. The premium varies depending on whether the retiree elects coverage under the HMO or PPO plan and whether the retiree elects single of family coverage. With respect to dental and vision coverage, we have assumed that the premium charged for retirees is not influenced by the fact that there are active employees who covered by the same insurance, since the cost of dental and vision is not presumed to increase with age. However, there is an implied subsidy in the healthcare insurance premium for retirees because the premium charged for these retirees is the same as the premium charged for active employees, who are younger than retirees on average.

Benefit provisions and City contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Commission through collective bargaining. As of September 30, 2011, there were twenty-five employees participating in the OPEB retirement benefit with a total of 414 employees eligible for participation in the future. Employer

contribution totaled \$109,000 for the year and retiree implicit subsidies amounted to \$109,000. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation.

The City's annual other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based in annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed ten years.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year ended September 30, 2011, the amount actually contributed and the changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contributions	\$ 482,000
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	20,000
Adjustment to the ARC	(58,000)
Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	444,000
Employer Contributions	(109,000)
Interest on Employer Contributions	(2,000)
Increase in Net OPEB obligation	333,000
Net OPEB obligation at beginning of the year	491,000
Net OPEB obligation at end of the year	\$ 824,000

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of October 1, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,971,000, and actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$2,971,000. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees) was \$25,166,000 and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial liability to the covered payroll was 11.4%.

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed and the net OPEB obligation as of September 30, 2011 follow:

Fiscal year Ended In:	AOC	Contribution	Percent Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2011	\$444,000	109,000	25%	% \$824,000

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amount and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about the future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents the current year information about whether the actuarial value of plan asset is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Methods and Assumptions. Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan(the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan member to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effect of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Following are the actuarial methods and significant actuarial assumptions used to determine annual required contributions for the current year:

Valuation date October 1, 2010
Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit

Amortization method Open period level dollar payment

Remaining amortization period 10 years Investment rate of return 4%
Projected salary increases 4%
Medical Trend Rate of inflation 5%

Two year historical trend information is presented in a supplementary schedule following these notes (see page 77)

NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing the accompanying financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure February 27, 2012, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no significant events that Management believes require disclosure.

Required Supplementary Information

General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
	Original		Final		CTUAL	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$	10,658,031	\$ 10,849,630	\$	10,674,822	\$	(174,808)
Franchise taxes		4,426,000	4,136,395		4,133,917		(2,478)
Public service taxes		8,902,601	8,592,801		8,404,256		(188,545)
Charges for services		10,390,506	10,883,827		11,221,702		337,875
Administrative charges		5,380,917	5,511,417		5,344,558		(166,859)
Intergovernmental		8,265,075	8,548,281		8,370,580		(177,701)
Licenses and permits		1,937,982	2,102,621		1,952,467		(150,154)
Fines and forfeitures		489,500	444,450		507,261		62,811
Investment income		38,000	77,000		81,711		4,711
Rental income		221,500	253,500		277,438		23,938
Miscellaneous	-	95,000	 640,700		267,847		(372,853)
Total revenues		50,805,112	 52,040,622		51,236,559		(804,063)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government:							
City Clerk		681,712	704,918		693,995		10,923
City Commission		628,898	600,098		557,036		43,062
Administration		3,532,528	4,135,202		3,974,038		161,164
Finance		3,767,725	3,780,731		3,716,107		64,624
Legal Human resources		466,500	507,025		489,800		17,225
Total general government		2,029,300 11,106,663	 1,626,048 11,354,022		1,607,068 11,038,044		18,980 315,978
Public safety:		,,	, ,	-	,		,
Police		15,312,091	20,069,356		16,257,541		3,811,815
Fire and Rescue		13,011,061	13,417,532		13,553,720		(136,188)
Total public safety		28,323,152	 33,486,888	-	29,811,261		3,675,627
Physical environment:							
Building maintenance		1,835,149	2,323,719		2,326,989		(3,270)
Grounds maintenance		1,246,271	 1,891,447		1,882,024		9,423
Total Physical environment		3,081,420	 4,215,166		4,209,013		6,153
Transportation: Street maintenance		657,357	685,474		676,078		9,396
	-			-			
Total transportation		657,357	 685,474		676,078		9,396
Recreation and social services: Recreation and social services		2,902,768	 3,011,164		3,022,184		(11,020)
Total recreation and social services:		2,902,768	3,011,164		3,022,184		(11,020)
Total Expenditures		46,071,360	52,752,714		48,756,580		3,996,134
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over							
Expenditures		4,733,752	(712,092)		2,479,979		3,192,071
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfer in		500,000	4,882,830		4,819,352		(63,478)
Transfers out		(5,233,752)	(4,170,739)		(3,433,555)		737,184
Insurance recoveries		<u>-</u>					
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,733,752)	712,091		1,385,797		673,706
Net change in fund balances		-	-		3,865,776		3,865,776
Fund balances - beginning		7,563,845	 7,563,845		6,390,144		(1,173,701)
Fund balances - ending	\$	7,563,845	\$ 7,563,845	\$	10,255,920	\$	2,692,075

The notes to the bugetary comparison schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information
Community Redevelopment Agency
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

	BUDGETED A	MOUN	NTS		ACTUAL		NANCE WITH AL BUDGET	
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		AMOUNT		Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment Income Miscellaneous	\$ 473,753 - 75,000	\$	654,640 - 75,000	\$	654,640 122 84,645	\$	- 122 9,645	
Total revenues	 548,753		729,640		739,407		9,767	
EXPENDITURES General government: Administrative expense	548,753		548,753		569,518		(20,765)	
Total expenditures	 548,753		548,753		569,518		(20,765)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenditures	 -		180,887		169,889		(10,998)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 - - -		623,753 (804,640) (180,887)		473,753 (763,057) (289,304)		(150,000) 41,583 (108,417)	
Net change in fund balances	-		-		(119,415)		(119,415)	
Fund balances - beginning	 (644,168)		(644,168)		(524,064)		120,104	
Fund balances - ending	\$ (644,168)	\$	(644,168)	\$	(643,479)	\$	689	

The notes to the bugetary comparison schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The City follows Chapter 80-274 of the state of Florida Statutes and its charter in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. The budget process is as follows:

- 1. Prior to August 1, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an appropriation ordinance.
- 4. The appropriated budget is prepared and adopted by fund, function, and department. Budgets are monitored within each department at the account level by the respective department head and the Finance Director. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department with approval of the City Manager and Finance Director. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the additional approval of the Commission. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e. the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is the department level. The Commission made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g. purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2011 expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following departments:

<u>Department</u>	Excess Expenditures over Budget
Fire and rescue	\$136,188
Building maintenance	3,270
Recreation and social services	11,020
Community Redevelopment Agency	20,765

These over expenditures were funded by a combination of greater than anticipated revenues and available fund balance.

Required Supplementary Information Lauderhill Retirement Systems Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date 10/1/2010 10/1/2009 10/1/2008	\$ (2) Actuarial Value of Assets 15,597,828 15,522,330 15,083,377	(3) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age \$ 21,784,980 20,873,030 19,427,959	5,350,700	(5) Funded Ratio (2)/(3) 71.6% 74.4% 77.6%	(6) Covered Payroll \$ 3,756,141 4,357,100 3,931,828	(7) UAAL as % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) 164.7% 122.8% 110.5%
FRS (1) Actuarial Valuation Date 10/1/2010 10/1/2009 10/1/2008	\$ (2) Actuarial Value of Assets 39,963,208 38,262,703 37,424,773	(3) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age \$ 59,032,701 56,695,688 51,851,436	(4) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (3)-(2) \$ 19,069,493 18,432,985 14,426,663	(5) Funded Ratio (2)/(3) 67.7% 67.5% 72.2%	(6) Covered Payroll 5,975,394 6,133,486 5,581,017	(7) UAAL as % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) 319.1% 300.5% 258.5%
PRS (1) Actuarial Valuation Date 10/1/2010 10/1/2009 10/1/2008	\$ (2) Actuarial Value of Assets 27,137,000 23,088,000 19,775,168	(3) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age \$ 35,483,000 30,634,000 25,152,517	(UAAL) (3)-(2) 0 \$ 8,346,000 0 7,546,000	(5) Funded Ratio (2)/(3) 76.5% 75.4% 78.6%	(6) Covered Payroll \$ 9,149,000 8,751,000 7,677,961	(7) UAAL as % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) 91.2% 86.2% 70.0%
CMRS (1) Actuarial Valuation Date 10/1/2010 10/1/2009 10/1/2008	\$ (2) Actuarial Value of Assets 13,284,000 12,313,000 11,534,000	(3) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age \$ 20,806,000 19,185,000 17,401,000	(UAAL) (3)-(2) 7,522,000 6,871,000	(5) Funded Ratio (2)/(3) 63.8% 64.2% 66.3%	(6) Covered Payroll 4,415,000 3,917,000 3,493,000	(7) UAAL as % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) 170.4% 175.4% 168.0%

Required Supplementary Information Lauderhill Retirement Systems Schedule of Funding Progress

OP	EB
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U. ——											
(1)	(2)			(3)		(4)	(5))	(6)		(7)
						Unfunded					
Actuarial	Actuarial			Actuarial		Actuarial				UAA	L as %
Valuation	Value of		Acc	rued Liability	Ac	crued Liability	Fund	ed	Covered	of Co	overed
<u>Date</u>	<u>Assets</u>		<u>(</u> AA	L) Entry Age	(L	JAAL) (3)-(2)	Ratio (2	2)/(3)	<u>Payroll</u>	Payro	oll (4)/(6)
10/1/2010	\$	-	\$	2,857,000	\$	2,857,000		0.00%	\$ 25,166,000		11.4%
10/1/2007		-		454.000		45.400		0.00%	17.420.000		2.5%

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2011

									S	pecia	Special Revenue						1	
		Economic	mic				Law		Federal		Safe		N.S.P			Home		
	Debt Service	Development	ment	٠,	SHIP	Enfo	Enforcement	낊	Forfeiture	Neigh	Neighborhoods		Fund	CDBG		Grant	ļ	Total
ASSETS Equity in pooled cash and investments Due from other governments	\$ 751,702	↔		↔	193,952	\$	34,015	₩	7,598	\$	27,005	↔	23,562 314,993	\$ 31,581 1,354,636	\$	23,543	↔	1,092,958 1,669,838
Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments Other assets	1,482,796				-121,591								6,513		ļ			1,482,796 128,104
Total assets	\$ 2,234,498	₩		↔	315,543	↔	34,015	↔	7,598	↔	27,214	↔	345,068	\$ 1,386,217	છ	23,543	↔	4,373,696
LIABILITIES Accrued payroll Accrued interest payable Due to other funds Uneamed revenues	751,702	€		↔	900.00	€9		€	202,994	↔	256,653	↔	580,635	\$ 2,745	↔	257,906	↔	3,645 751,702 2,067,024 122,628
Total liabilities	751,702				123,528		•		202,994		256,653		580,635	771,581		257,906	J	2,944,999
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Restricted for: Social services					192.015						(229.439)		(235.567)	614.636		(234.363)	_	107,282
Bond reserve Public safety	1,482,796						34,015		- (195,396)						ļ			1,482,796
Total fund balances (deficits)	1,482,796				192,015		34,015		(195,396)		(229,439)		(235,567)	614,636		(234,363)		1,428,697
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,234,498	↔		↔	315,543	€	34,015	↔	7,598	↔	27,214	↔	345,068	\$ 1,386,217	↔	23,543	↔	4,373,696

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Normajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended September 39, 2011

					Special Revenue	ne				
	9	Economic	į	Law	Federal	Safe	N.S.P	0	Home	
	Debt Service	Development	훒	Enforcement	Fortentines	Neignbornoods	בחום	CDBG	Grant	lotal
REVENUES										
Property taxes	· &	· &	, s	· &	· &	\$ 69,552 \$	·	,		69,552
Intergovernmental			55,203				1,100,719	786,463		1,942,385
Fines and forfeitures				31,348	46,525					77,873
Investment income	105,110		7,602							112,712
Total revenues	105,110	•	62,805	31,348	46,525	69,552	1,100,719	786,463	•	2,202,522
EXPENDITURES Qurent										
Public safety				18,858	447,789		•			466,647
Recreation and social services		•	246,421			282,593	1,403,363	1,799,031	378,736	4,110,144
Debt Service:										
Principal retirement	2,284,670			•	i					2,284,670
Interest	2,475,944									2,475,944
Capital Outlay:										
Machinery and Equipment				8,420	16,389					24,809
Total Expenditures	4,760,614		246,421	27,278	464,178	282,593	1,403,363	1,799,031	378,736	9,362,214
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					1				300	1
over (under) expenditures	(4,655,504)		(183,616)	4,070	(417,653)	(213,041)	(302,644)	(1,012,568)	(378,736)	(7,159,692)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	4,749,982	54,500			3,150					4,807,632
Transfer Out	(964,448)			•						(964,448)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(6,500)	(54,500)								(61,000)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	3,779,034				3,150					3,782,184
Net change in fund balances	(876,470)		(183,616)	4,070	(414,503)	(213,041)	(302,644)	(1,012,568)	(378,736)	(3,377,508)
Fund balances-beginning	2,359,266		375,631	29,945	219,107	(16,398)	67,077	1,627,204	144,373	4,806,205
Fund balances(deficits)-ending	\$ 1,482,796	· •	\$ 192,015	\$ 34,015	(195,396)	\$ (229,439) \$	(235,567) \$	614,636	\$ (234,363) \$	1,428,697

Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

	 BUDGETED	AMO	DUNTS		ACTUAL		RIANCE WITH
	 ORIGINAL	_	FINAL	_	AMOUNT	Posi	tive (Negative)
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ 2,309,193	\$	2,309,193 - 100,000	\$	2,188,234 261,499 12,768	\$	(120,959) 261,499 (87,232)
Miscellaneous	<u>-</u>				11,191		11,191
Total revenues	2,409,193		2,409,193		2,473,692		64,499
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay:							
Buildings	200,000		13,500		51,993		(38,493)
Improvements Infrastructure	3,880,000		4,829,708 11,494		3,705,027 13,797		1,124,681 (2,303)
Machinery & equipment	399,109		243,975		720,643		(476,668)
Total expenditures	4,479,109		5,098,677		4,491,460		607,217
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenditures	(2,069,916)		(2,689,484)		(2,017,768)		671,716
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in	-		5,894,679		1,369,516		(4,525,163)
Transfers out	(5,430,084)		(3,116,907)		(6,309,193)		(3,192,286)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Issuance of debt	- 7 F00 000		(88,288)		(164,576)		(76,288)
Total other financing sources and uses	 7,500,000 2,069,916		2,689,484	_	11,803,215 6,698,962		11,803,215 4,009,478
Net change in fund balances	-		-		4,681,194		4,681,194
Fund balances - beginning	 43,293		43,293	_	5,313,431		5,270,138
Fund balances - ending	\$ 43,293	\$	43,293	\$	9,994,625	\$	9,951,332

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

	 BUDGETED A	MOU	JNTS	ACTUAL		RIANCE WITH IAL BUDGET
	ORIGINAL		FINAL	 AMOUNT	Posi	tive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Investment Income	\$ 90,500	\$	90,500	\$ 105,110	\$	14,610
Total revenues	 90,500		90,500	 105,110		14,610
EXPENDITURES						
Debt service:	10.510.110		0.704.070	0.004.070		540.000
Principal retirement	10,546,140		2,794,670	2,284,670		510,000
Interest	 2,931,848		2,469,845	 2,475,944		(6,099)
Total expenditures	 13,477,988		5,264,515	 4,760,614		503,901
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over						
Expenditures	 (13,387,488)		(5,174,015)	 (4,655,504)		518,511
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	5,588,518		6,143,515	4,749,982		(1,393,533)
Transfers out	<u>-</u>		(964,500)	(964,448)		52
Issuance of debt	7,801,470		-	-		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	 (2,500)		(5,000)	(6,500)		(1,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 13,387,488		5,174,015	 3,779,034		(1,394,981)
Net change in fund balances	-		-	(876,470)		(876,470)
Fund balances - beginning	2,213,537		2,213,537	2,359,266		145,729
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,213,537	\$	2,213,537	\$ 1,482,796	\$	(730,741)

Economic Development Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	E	BUDGETED A	AMOUN	тѕ	A	CTUAL		ICE WITH BUDGET
	ORI	GINAL		FINAL	A	MOUNT	Positive	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total revenues		-		-				-
EXPENDITURES								
Social services		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		-		-		-		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenditures		-		<u>-</u>		-		-
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in		_		54,500		54,500		_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		(54,500)		(54,500)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-				-		-
Net change in fund balances		_		_		-		-
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-

Special Revenue Fund - State Housing Initiative Program (SHIP)
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

		BUDGETED	AMO	UNTS		ACTUAL		IANCE WITH AL BUDGET
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL	_	AMOUNT	Posit	ive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,203	\$	55,203
Investment income		-		-		7,602		7,602
Total revenues					_	62,805		62,805
EXPENDITURES								
Social services		420,390		420,389	_	246,421		173,968
Total expenditures		420,390		420,389		246,421		173,968
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		420,390		420,389		-		(420,389)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		420,390		420,389		-		(420,389)
Net change in fund balances		-		-		(183,616)		(183,616)
Fund balances - begining		420,390		420,390		375,631		(44,759)
Fund balances - ending	\$	420,390	\$	420,390	\$	192,015	\$	(228,375)

Special Revenue Fund - Law Enforcement
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

		BUDGETE) AMOU	NTS	A	CTUAL		ANCE WITH L BUDGET
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL	Α	MOUNT	Positiv	/e (Negative)
REVENUES								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	34,130	\$	31,331	\$	(2,798)
Investment income		-		-		17		17
Total revenues		-		34,130		31,348		(2,782)
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety				34,130		27,278		6,852
Total expenditures		-		34,130		27,278		6,852
Net change in fund balances		-		-		4,070		4,070
Fund balances - beginning		135,267		135,267		29,945		(105,322)
Fund balances - ending	\$	135,267	\$	135,267	\$	34,015	\$	(101,252)

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA
Special Revenue Fund - Federal Forfeitures
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

		BUDGETE	AMOU	INTS	ACTUAL		IANCE WITH AL BUDGET
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL	 MOUNT	Positi	ve (Negative)
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures Investment income	\$	- -	\$	469,014 <u>-</u>	\$ 46,522 3	\$	(422,492) <u>3</u>
Total revenues		-		469,014	 46,525		(422,489)
EXPENDITURES Public safety Total expenditures	_	<u>-</u>	_	469,014 469,014	 464,178 464,178		4,836 4,836
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 3,150 3,150		(3,150) (3,150)
Change in fund balance		-		-	(414,503)		(414,503)
Fund balances - beginning		736,991		736,991	 219,107		(517,884)
Fund balances - ending	\$	736,991	\$	736,991	\$ (195,396)	\$	(932,387)

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA
Special Revenue Fund - Safe Neighborhood
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

		BUDGETED	AMO	JNTS		ACTUAL		IANCE WITH AL BUDGET
	OI	RIGINAL		FINAL	-	AMOUNT	Posit	ive (Negative)
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures Property taxes Investment income	\$	- 88,238 -	\$	- 68,270 -	\$	- 69,552 -	\$	- 1,282 -
Total revenues		88,238		68,270		69,552		1,282
EXPENDITURES Social services		979,119		959,151		282,593		676,558
Total expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses)		979,119		959,151		282,593		676,558
Transfers in		215,000		215,000		-		(215,000)
Debt proceeds		675,881		675,881		-		(675,881)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		890,881		890,881		-		(890,881)
Change in fund balance		-		-		(213,041)		(213,041)
Fund balances - beginning		(30,304)		(30,304)		(16,398)		13,906
Fund balances - ending	\$	(30,304)	\$	(30,304)	\$	(229,439)	\$	(199,135)

Special Revenue Fund - Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP)
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

		BUDGETE) AMO	UNTS	ACTUAL		RIANCE WITH AL BUDGET
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL	AMOUNT	Posi	tive (Negative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment income	\$	214,664	\$	2,214,664	\$ 1,100,719	\$	(1,113,945)
Total revenues		214,664		2,214,664	 1,100,719		(1,113,945)
EXPENDITURES							
Social services		214,664		2,214,664	 1,403,363		811,301
Total expenditures		214,664		2,214,664	 1,403,363		811,301
Change in fund balance		-		-	(302,644)		(302,644)
Fund balances - beginning		35,586		35,586	 67,077		31,491
Fund balances - ending	\$	35,586	\$	35,586	\$ (235,567)	\$	(271,153)

Special Revenue Fund - Community Development Block Grant CDBG)
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	AMOUNT	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,011,553	\$ 1,011,553	\$ 786,463	\$ (225,090)
Total revenues	1,011,553	1,011,553	786,463	(225,090)
EXPENDITURES				
Social services	1,011,553	1,011,553	1,799,031	(787,478)
Total expenditures	1,011,553	1,011,553	1,799,031	(787,478)
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(1,012,568)	(1,012,568)
Fund balances - begining	161,283	161,283	1,627,204	1,465,921
Fund balances - ending	\$ 161,283	\$ 161,283	\$ 614,636	\$ 453,353

Special Revenue Fund - Home Grant Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

		BUDGETE	O AMO	UNTS	ACTUAL		IANCE WITH AL BUDGET
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL	AMOUNT	Positi	ve (Negative)
REVENUES	·						
Intergovernmental	\$	330,302	\$	330,302	\$ -	\$	(330,302)
Total revenues		330,302		330,302	 -		(330,302)
EXPENDITURES							
Social services		330,302		330,302	 378,736		(48,434)
Total expenditures		330,302		330,302	 378,736		(48,434)
Net change in fund balances		-		-	(378,736)		(378,736)
Fund balances - begining		14,672		14,672	 144,373		129,701
Fund balances - ending	_\$	14,672	\$	14,672	\$ (234,363)	\$	(249,035)

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Pension Trust Funds September 30, 2011

				PENSION T	RUS	T FUNDS				
		General Employees Retirement		irefighters Retirement		Police Retirement		onfidential and Managerial	_	TOTAL
ASSETS										
Cash and short-term investments Receivables:	\$	1,206,102	\$	1,840,011	\$	829,624	\$	487,613	\$	4,363,350
Due from broker		40,168		-		-		-		40,168
Interest and dividends		5,612		117,503		54,011		15,376		192,502
Receivable for securities sold		-		87,577		-		-		87,577
Contributions				51,685		60,365		-		112,050
Total Receivables		45,780		256,765		114,376		15,376		432,297
Investments, at fair value										
U.S. Government and agency securities		-		4,118,651		-		-		4,118,651
Corporate bonds and notes				4,840,608		7,176,468		4,437,884		16,454,960
Mutual funds		7,691,688		-		3,336,473				11,028,161
Common stocks		4,564,188		19,032,580		9,872,732		4,837,333		38,306,833
International equity funds		156,994		4,914,093		3,987,562		1,373,062		10,431,711
Note receivable		-		1,000,000		1,000,000		400,000		2,400,000
Real estate funds		850,000		3,375,134	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	4,225,134
Investments, at fair value		13,262,870		37,281,066		25,373,235		11,048,279		86,965,450
Total Assets	\$	14,514,752	\$	39,377,842	\$	26,317,235	\$	11,551,268	\$	91,761,097
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	17,313	\$	92,844	\$	34,241	\$	13,059	\$	157,457
Deferred revenues/future benefits		849,636		1,729,817		145,701		99,651		2,824,805
Due to brokers		27,045		-		-		-		27,045
Payable for securities purchased		-		121,721		54,091		-		175,812
Prepaid city contributions				-		-		4,508	_	4,508
Total Liabilities	_	893,994	_	1,944,382	_	234,033		117,218	_	3,189,627
NET ASSETS										
Held in trust for pension benefits		13,620,758		37,433,460	_	26,083,202	11,434,050			88,571,470
Total net assets and liabilities	\$	14,514,752	\$	39,377,842	\$	26,317,235	\$	11,551,268	\$	91,761,097

Combining Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Pension Trust Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

		PENSION TR	RUST FUNDS		
	General Employees Retirement	Firefighters Retirement	Police Retirement	Confidential and Managerial	TOTAL
ADDITIONS					
Contributions: City Plan members State revenue	\$ 954,788 363,198	\$ 2,835,857 825,908 403,937	\$ 2,047,326 1,151,187 285,072	\$ 1,468,618 459,961	\$ 7,306,589 2,800,254 689,009
Total contributions	1,317,986	4,065,702	3,483,585	1,928,579	10,795,852
Investment income: Net (depreciation) appreciation in fair value of investments Interest and dividend income Total investment income (loss) Less: Investment expenses Deferred retirement option plan Net investment income Total additions	(1,050,234) 424,977 (625,257) 63,918 - (689,175) 628,811	(1,163,176) 793,013 (370,163) 278,468 76,075 (724,706) 3,340,996	(2,425,020) 1,379,187 (1,045,833) 109,132 3,739 (1,158,704) 2,324,881	(911,998) 466,397 (445,601) 57,467 (503,068) 1,425,511	(5,550,428) 3,063,574 (2,486,854) 508,985 79,814 (3,075,653) 7,720,199
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits paid Administrative expenses Refunds of contributions	1,362,298 45,047	3,223,858 146,040 	563,461 108,733 148,865	1,201,185 72,105 52,784	6,350,802 371,925 201,649
Total deductions	1,407,345	3,369,898	821,059	1,326,074	6,924,376
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(778,534)	(28,902)	1,503,822	99,437	795,823
NET ASSETS, OCTOBER 1	14,399,292	37,462,362	24,579,380	11,334,613	87,775,647
NET ASSETS, SEPTEMBER 30	\$ 13,620,758	\$ 37,433,460	\$ 26,083,202	\$ 11,434,050	\$ 88,571,470

STATISTICAL SECTION FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

This part of the City of Lauderhill's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's financial standing.

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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA

Net Assets by Component
Last Nine Fiscal Years

2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
\$ 30,455,333	\$ 33,750,444	\$ 31,458,503	\$ 40,245,122	\$ 31,011,883	\$ 24,796,635	\$ 24,156,205	\$ 20,325,910	\$ 22,182,988
6,798,634	5,100,808	4,643,969	3,224,852	3,352,740	6,504,816	4,397,068	5,370,240	2,036,571
39,528,085	40,174,385	37,929,124	41,406,862		37,840,050	30,883,598	31,246,716	2
12,952,757	16,603,233	15,313,066	9,229,731	11,361,249	14,087,557	12,292,025	15,557,718	17,163,711
1,642,648	1,826,060	2,565,696	2,063,261	3,225,904	200,000	3,200,000	4,911,700	11,317,275
7,120,115	5,023,062		14,100,843	12,408,154	13,013,219	13,532,070	12,637,267	
\$ 21,715,520	\$ 23,452,355	\$ 24,865,209	\$ 25,393,835	\$ 26,995,307	\$ 27,300,776	\$ 29,024,095	\$33,106,685	\$ 35,556,966

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
EXPENSES Governmental Activities General Government Public Safety Public Works Physical Environment	\$ 5,549,472 18,088,026 3,062,120	\$ 7,188,906 19,318,700 3,143,153	\$ 7,825,228 21,043,096 3,539,765	\$ 10,437,902 26,085,909 11,268,896	\$ 13,106,473 27,220,653 5,045,729	\$ 11,701,546 30,617,084 7,184,547	\$ 11,264,320 32,537,466 6,491,970	\$ 12,990,449 33,387,260 5,421,282	\$ 12,419,477 31,673,615 - 4,523,931
Recreation and Social Sevices Economic and Community Development Interest on long-term debt	5,886,336 1,013,257 691,142	5,484,553 1,389,479 785,795	8,341,193 41,624 1,112,503	5,144,089	7,980,172	6,242,142	7,089,302	7,450,136	8,604,826
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	34,290,353	37,310,586	41,903,409	55,306,650	55,782,448	58,003,042	59,861,724	61,633,551	60,900,437
Business-type Activities Water and Sewer	10.479.830	10.793.198	11.855.081	12.027.074	11.928.642	12.124.864	13.260.962	14.331.033	15.917.186
Stormwater Performing Art	1,112,590	1,695,166	2,567,637	3,223,739	3,498,582	3,348,091	3,702,211	4,712,486	4,266,871
Total Business-type Activites Expenses	11,592,420	12,488,364	14,422,718	15,250,813	15,427,224	15,472,955	16,963,173	19,043,919	20,222,928
Total Primary Government Expenses	45,882,773	49,798,950	56,326,127	70,557,463	71,209,673	73,475,997	76,824,897	80,677,470	81,123,365
PROGRAM REVENUES Governmentat Activities Charges for Services General Government Public Safety	\$ 1,335,454 4,409,053	\$ 4,423,194 3,880,522	\$ 3,782,796 6,370,334	\$ 3,718,244 6,766,565	\$ 3,011,098 6,818,193	1,819,432	2,051,614	2,497,796	3,042,987
Recreation and Social Sevices Transportation Operating Grants/ Contributions Capital Grants/Contributions Transportation Articities Described	348,760 1,636,116 1,123,755	3,003,761 1,617,367	2,794,438 668,563	270,278 9,898,002 81,743	523,069 4,219,394 -	3,623,561	3,238,350	184,650 6,987,592 36,859	168,015 98,314 4,055,407 654,640
Revenues	8,853,138	13,473,666	13,982,989	20,734,832	14,571,754	17,301,371	14,946,735	21,269,229	19,264,679
Business-type Activites Water and Sewer Stormwater Performing Art	12,286,917 2,130,704	11,392,655 2,060,614 -	11,626,887 2,825,060 75,000	12,406,872 2,919,077	12,227,142 3,662,059	11,904,684 3,737,707	14,643,598 3,965,906	18,688,110 4,329,392	17,172,007 5,028,664 -
Operating Grants/ Contributions Capital Grants/Contributions Total Business-type Activities Program		633,264	1,166,970	1 1		1 1			
Revenues approximation regions Revenues Revenues Roberts Total Primary Government Program	14,417,621	14,086,533	15,693,917	15,325,949	15,889,201	15,642,391	18,609,504	23,017,502	22,200,671
Revenues	\$ 23,270,759	\$ 27,560,199	\$ 29,676,906	\$ 36,060,781	\$ 30,460,955	\$ 32,943,762	\$ 33,556,239	\$ 44,286,731	\$ 41,465,350
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	\$ (25,437,215) 2,825,201	\$ (23,836,920) 1,598,169	\$(27,920,420) 1,271,199	\$ (34,571,818) 75,136	\$ (41,210,694) 461,977	\$ (40,701,672) 169,436	\$ (44,914,989) 1,646,331	\$ (40,364,322) 3,973,583	\$ (41,635,758) 1,977,743
Total Primary Government Net Revenue	\$ (22,612,014)	\$ (22,238,751)	\$(26,649,221)	\$ (34,496,682)	\$ (40,748,718)	\$ (40,532,236)	\$ (43,268,658)	\$ (36,390,739)	\$ (39,658,015)

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA Changes in Net Assets-Continued Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS Governmental Activities									
Property Taxes	\$ 8,211,732	\$ 8,999,663	\$ 10,326,553	\$ 14,027,917	\$17,100,159	\$16,179,042	\$ 15,955,227	\$15,921,086	\$ 12,932,606
Other Taxes	7,732,348	7,817,926	9,231,595	12,581,463	12,591,796	12,520,752	12,662,694	13,384,607	12,538,173
Investment Earnings	273,982	172,533	311,228	1,599,334	2,098,581	1,504,060	459,343	496,141	207,339
Other	8,013,353	6,263,204	6,996,304	9,063,657	9,690,510	8,137,619	8,866,132	10,925,606	11,709,383
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Land	1,053,477								
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Fixed Assets		11,894	(92,736)						
Contribution Capital-Land		1,218,000							
Net Realized Value of Land Investment			(1,097,785)						
Insurance Recoveries						1,556,485			
Sale of capital assets							15,144		
Transfers				(320,600)					
Total Governmental Activities Revenues	25,284,892	24,483,220	25,675,159	36,951,771	41,481,046	39,897,958	37,958,540	40,727,440	37,387,501
Business-type Activities Investment Earnings	\$ 160,921	\$ 138,666	\$ 141,655	\$ 132,890	\$ 217,841	\$ 136,036	\$ 36,658	\$ 109,007	\$ 32,538
Miscellaneous					921,652				440,000
Transfers				320,600					
Total Business-type Activiites Revenues	160,921	138,666	141,655	453,490	1,139,493	136,036	36,658	109,007	472,538
Total Primary Govemment Revenues	\$ 25,445,813	\$ 24,621,886	\$ 25,816,814	\$ 37,405,261	\$ 42,620,540	\$ 40,033,994	\$ 37,995,198	\$40,836,447	\$ 37,860,039
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE	\$ (152 323)	646 300	\$ (2.245.261)	\$ 2379.953	\$ 270.352	\$ (803.713)	(6 956 449)	\$ 363 118	\$ (4.248.257)
Business-type Activities	2,986,122	1,736,835	•	528,626	1,601,470	305,471	1,646,331	4,082,590	2,450,281
Total Primary Govemment	\$ 2,833,799	\$ 2,383,135	\$ (832,407)	\$ 2,908,579	\$ 1,871,822	\$ (498,242)	\$ (5,310,118)	\$ 4,445,708	\$ (1,797,976)

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA
Fund Balances-Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	\$ 49,141 4,050,539	\$ 2,406,942 1,023,533	\$ 2,250,692 (71,241)	\$ 91,597 3,665,104	\$ 61,805 5,932,960	\$ 707,160 \$ 5,958,123	\$ 897,221 6,966,048	897,221 \$ 1,348,172 6,966,048 6,215,673	\$ 1,152,662 5,237,482	\$ 4,852,392 5,403,528
	\$ 4,099,680	\$ 3,430,475	\$ 2,179,451	\$ 3,756,701	\$ 5,994,765	\$ 6,665,283	\$ 7,863,269	\$ 7,563,845	\$ 6,390,144	\$ 10,255,920
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved	\$ 6,045,188	\$ 6,798,634	\$ 5,100,808	\$35,745,189	\$ 29,803,423	\$29,803,423 \$ 3,781,937 \$ 5,773,949	\$ 5,773,949	\$ 3,687,422	\$ 4,806,205	\$ 1,428,697
Reserved Reported III Special Revenue Capital Project					(173,784)	2,994,178	(740,475)	(644,168)	(524,064)	(643,479)
	\$ 6,045,188	\$ 6,798,634	\$ 5,100,808	\$35,745,189	\$ 29,629,639	\$ 26,173,992	\$ 8,021,907	\$ 3,086,547	\$ 9,595,572	\$ 10,779,843

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA Changes in fund Balances-Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2002	2003	2004	4	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		2011
KEVENUES												
Property Taxes	\$7,312,101	\$ 8,211,732	8,99	8,999,663	_	\$ 14,051,334	\$17,100,159	\$ 16,179,042	\$15,955,227	\$ 15,9	15,921,086 \$	_
Franchise Taxes	2,918,563	3,249,974	3,07	3,070,607	3,217,681	4,707,818	4,420,174	4,281,390	3,968,536	4,5	4,552,969	4,133,917
Public Service Taxes	4,637,131	4,482,374	4,74	4,747,318	6,013,914	7,873,646	8,171,622	8,239,362	8,694,157	8,	8,831,638	8,404,256
Charges for services	4,331,731	4,590,000	4,85	4,857,986	6,534,347	6,939,511	7,280,089	8,038,796	10,040,958	11,2	11,276,229	11,221,702
Administrative Charges	1,500,000	1,599,900	1,85	1,850,000	2,005,000	2,325,000	3,131,312	2,051,343	3,624,548	4,7	4,713,999	5,344,558
Intergovermental	6,282,393	8,628,123	10,83	10,832,411	10,184,677	16,446,296	9,494,549	12,015,037	8,143,497	12,1	12,191,590	11,229,104
License and Permits	1,519,903	1,335,454	1,51	1,511,768	1,617,864	3,076,720	2.848.814	1,740,312	1,916,602	2,0	2,057,512	1,952,467
Fines and Forfeiture	277.978	405,533	4	418,392	362.777	450,644	617,224	3,902,553	691,736	9	677,075	585,134
Investment Income	324 737	273 982	17	172,533	311,227	1 599 334	2 098 581	1.504.060	459.343	4	496 141	207.313
Rental Income	; '	1		·	i '		133 142	174 458	255,257	. 7	255,560	361.587
Other	112.742	3.669.149	27	279.108	302,359	559.816	626.531	515.915	84.103	1 10	598.548	279.534
Total Revenue	29,217,279	36,446,221	36,73	36,739,786	40,876,399	58,030,120	55,922,198	58,642,267	53,834,464	62,5	62,572,347	56,652,180
EXPENDITURE												
Current:												
General Government	4,596,602	4,894,085	5,83	5,834,909	6,790,734	9,141,469	12,265,063	11,329,546	10,886,907	12,7;	34,557	11,607,562
Public Safety	16,277,070	17,738,335	19,57	19,571,142	20,599,328	25,567,512	26,088,653	29,470,084	31,044,616	31,9	01,233	30,277,908
Public Work	1,242,756	2,450,599	2,51	2,517,134	2,942,429	9,345,822	4,334,729	6,335,756	5,620,699	5,0	5,086,473	
Physical environment			•							'		4,209,013
Transportation			•							•		676,078
Recreation and social services	4.364.084	5.058.841	5.16	5.160.267	7.386.723	6.688.051	6.984.153	5.342.142	6.136.233	8.3	8.392.014	7.132.328
Miscellaneous			'									
Fronomic and Community Development		1 013 257	139	1 390 506	41 624					•		
Debt Service:		2,0	-	200,0	, ,							
Principal retirement		415,000	•			1 880 000	1 807 500	995 000	2 124 992	2	2 159 247	2 284 670
Interest and issuance cost		601 142	•			2 303 270	0 420 420	2 254 223	2 359 299	íc	2 310 841	2 475 944
Oppital Outland	037 001	7 0 2 5 5 2 5	000	0007.000	1 226 755	6,533,270	10 516 900	17 160 764	7 00 407	, n	5,313,041	4 545 250
Capital Outlay.	409,700	4,000,000	0,00	006,7	4,030,733	0,070,000	000,010,010	17,100,734	1,920,401	0,0	24,302	607,010,4
I otal Expenditures	26,970,272	37,096,784	43,31	43,311,946	42,097,593	61,587,004	64,426,317	72,895,506	66,099,234	8,79	799,718,79	63,179,772
Excess Revelide Over (Olide)	000	000	,	30	400	4 00	077	(000 000		ŗ	2000	000
Expenditures	2,247,007	(650,563)	/ç'9)	(6,572,160)	(1,221,194)	(3,556,884)	(8,504,119)	(14,253,238)	(12,264,770)	, (c)	(5,245,320)	(6,527,592)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE (USES)												
Transfer In			•			3,848,208	8,424,175	4,286,828	10,042,142	6,1	6,102,670	11,470,253
Transfer Out	(1,691,758)	(1,106,142)	(1,37	(1,376,690)	(2,441,061)	(4,168,808)	(8,424,175)	(4,286,828)	(10,042,142)	(6,1	(6,102,670)	(11,470,253)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent							4.864.619	(3,500)		Ξ	(108,250)	(225,576)
Issuance of debt			•					778,071	7.	10.01	10,065,000	11,803,215
Capital leases			•					•	576,841	. 1		
Advance			•						(554,000)	•		
Sale of capital assets			•				(2.220.237)		15.144	•		
Insurance recoveries			•							Č	623 894	
Total Other Financing Sources (Hses	(1 691 758)	(1 106 142)	(1 37	(1 376 690)	(2 441 061)	(320,600)	2 644 382	2 331 056	7 029 985	10 5	10 580 644	11 577 639
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 555,249	\$ (1,756,705)	\$ (7.94	(7.948,850)	(3.662.255)	\$ (3.877.484)	\$ (5,859,739)	\$ (11,922,181)	\$ (5.234.785)	\$	5,335,324	5.050.047
		/			(222/222/2)	7: 2: (: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		/				
Debt Service as a Percentage of Non-capital Expenditures	e/c	3.43%	p/u		6/0	%22.2	7 86%	5.83%	7 71%		7.16%	8.12%
	5	5			5							

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

TAX		5.60	5.60	5.82	5.82	6.02	6.02	4.73	5.06	5.96	5.96
ASSESSED VALUE		\$ 1,398,799,251	1,514,529,312	1,680,163,416	1,811,412,383	2,138,901,131	2,675,359,177	3,035,752,766	2,776,843,012	2,376,012,968	1,852,925,615
OTHER		\$ 2,394,160	2,504,990	2,797,030	2,990,880	3,529,238	5,887,900	1,013,308	8,263,680	7,723,220	7,354,630
SAVE OUR HOMES		\$ 58,031,510	141,211,780	252,186,850	350,697,790	413,823,392	950,577,710	1,176,566,740	868,255,460	407,855,100	103,549,150
STITUTIONAL		26,007,194	29,716,243	33,721,607	60,873,772	71,831,051	75,452,364	98,329,092	106,601,588	207,596,040	103,825,609
OVERNMENTAL		31,344,500 \$	40,460,700	46,732,320	54,592,070	64,418,643	187,710,230	246,808,100	246,808,100	269,469,940	281,891,010
		\$ 288,211,300 \$	292,504,630	297,192,690	300,712,550	354,840,809	355,994,920	380,328,250	629,541,380	591,870,172	508,426,900
ALL OTHER PROPERTIES		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
COMMERICIAL PROPERTY		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
FISCAL YEAR	!	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
	ROLL RESIDENTIAL COMMERICIAL INDUSTRIAL ALL OTHER SESSED GOVERNMENTAL INSTITUTIONAL HOMES OTHER VALUE YEAR PROPERTY PROPERTY PROPERTY PROPERTIES HOMESTEAD GOVERNMENTAL INSTITUTIONAL HOMES OTHER VALUE	ROLL RESIDENTIAL COMMERICIAL INDUSTRIAL ALL OTHER YEAR PROPERTY PROPERTY PROPERTIES HOMESTEAD GOVERNMENTAL INSTITUTIONAL HOMES OTHER VALUE VALUE	ROLL RESIDENTIAL COMMERICIAL INDUSTRIAL ALL OTHER STAND GOVERNMENTAL INSTITUTIONAL HOMES OTHER VALUE RA YEAR PROPERTY PROPERTY PROPERTY PROPERTIES HOMESTEAD GOVERNMENTAL INSTITUTIONAL HOMES OTHER VALUE RA 2002 n/a n/a n/a \$ 288.211,300 \$ 26,007,194 \$ 58,031,510 \$ 1,398,799,251	RESIDENTIAL COMMERICIAL INDUSTRIAL ALL OTHER ALL	RESIDENTIAL COMMERICIAL INDUSTRIAL ALL OTHER ALL	FROMERICAL PROPERTY PROPERT	ROLL RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY COMMERICIAL INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY ALL OTHER PROPERTY <	FROMERTICAL NAMERICAL NA	PACH PROPERTY RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY PROP	FOLL TOTAL RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY PROPERT	YEAR RESIDENTIAL COMMERICIAL INDUSTRIAL PROPERTIES HOMEST FROMERIA PROPERTIES HOMESTEAD GOVERNMENTAL RATIOTIES HOMESTEAD ASSESSED TATALLIAN PROPERTIES HOMESTEAD ASSESSED PATALLIAN PROPERTIES HOMESTEAD ASSESSED PATALLIAN PROPERTIES HOMESTEAD ASSESSED PATALLIAN PROPERTIES HOMESTEAD ASSESSED PATALLIAN PROPERTIES HOMESTEAD AVAILUE RAT 2002 n/a n/a n/a n/a 292,504,530 31,344,500 23,716,243 141,211,700 2,334,160 1,514,529,312 1,514,529,312 2003 n/a n/a n/a 292,504,530 31,344,500 23,716,243 141,211,700 2,504,500 1,514,529,312 2004 n/a n/a n/a 297,192,690 33,716,670 260,873,770 2,504,590 1,514,529,312 2004 n/a n/a 354,840,800 34,480,700 287,623,90 35,724,600 35,724,600 35,724,600 35,724,600 35,724,600 35,724,600 35,724,600 35,724,600 35,724,600 35,724,600 35,724,600 35,724,600

Property Tax Millage Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Year

		City of Lauc	derhill				Over	lapping Rates					
					В	roward County				So. Florida	Florida	North	
			Debt	Total		Debt	Total			Water	Inland	Broward	
Fiscal	Tax	Operating	Service	City	Operating	Service	County	Schools	Childrens	Management	Navigational	Hospital	Total Tax
Year	Roll	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Millage	Board	Services	District	District	District	Rate
													<u>.</u>
2002	2001	5.6000	-	5.6000	-	-	7.5710	8.9553	-	0.6970	0.0385	2.4803	25.3421
2003	2002	5.6000	-	5.6000	-	•	7.4005	8.7541	-	0.6970	0.0385	2.4803	24.9704
2004	2003	5.8200	-	5.8200	-	-	7.1880	8.4176	0.3055	0.6970	0.0385	2.4803	24.9469
2005	2004	5.8200	-	5.8200	-	-	7.0230	8.8096	0.3316	0.6970	0.0385	2.5000	25.2197
2006	2005	6.0200	0.6310	6.6510	-	-	7.0230	8.2695	0.3920	0.6970	0.0385	2.4803	25.5513
2007	2006	6.0200	0.6310	6.6510	-	-	6.7830	8.0623	0.4231	0.6970	0.0385	2.1746	24.8295
2008	2007	4.7340	0.7500	5.4840	-	-	5.2868	7.6484	0.3572	0.6240	0.0345	1.6255	21.0604
2009	2008	5.0646	0.8700	5.9346	-	-	5.3145	7.4170	0.3754	0.6240	0.0345	1.7059	21.4059
2010	2009	5.9574	0.9700	6.9274	4.8889	0.5000	5.3889	7.4310	0.4243	0.6240	0.0345	1.7059	22.5360
2011	2010	5.9574	1.2380	7.1954	5.1021	0.4509	5.5530	7.6310	0.4696	0.6240	0.0345	1.8750	23.3825

Source: Broward County Property Appraiser

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2	2011	
	_			PERCENT
		TAXABLE		OF TOTAL
	TYPE OF	ASSESSED		ASSESSED
TAXPAYER	BUSINESS	VALUE	RANK	VALUE
Forest Trace (Residential)	Real Estate	\$ 30,654,970	1	1.7%
Inverrary Gardens (Apartments)	Real Estate	21,182,140	2	1.7%
Serramar Apartment (Apartments)	Real Estate	20,335,567	3	1.1%
Westbrooke of Inverrary (Retirement Home)	Real Estate	20,209,780	4	1.1%
Waterford Park Apartment LLC (Apartments)	Real Estate	19,991,320	5	1.1%
Target Corporation (Shopping Center)	Retail	16,937,410	6	1.1%
Kimco Development (Shopping Center)	Retail	15,693,510	7	0.9%
The Glens at Lauderhill (Apartments)	Real Estate	15,041,318	8	0.8%

		2	2002	
	•			PERCENT
		TAXABLE		OF TOTAL
	TYPE OF	ASSESSED		ASSESSED
TAXPAYER	BUSINESS	VALUE	RANK	VALUE
				_
Rossland Real Estate (Lauderhill Mall)	Retail	\$ 18,578,790	1	1.5%
Inverrary Gardens (Apartments)	Real Estate	15,120,105	2	1.2%
Landings of Inverrary (Apartments)	Real Estate	13,585,095	3	1.1%
Westbrooke of Inverrary (Retirement Home)	Sevice	9,915,415	4	0.8%
Kimco Development (Shopping Center)	Retail	8,751,980	5	0.7%
Inverrary Apartments LLC (Apartments)	Real Estate	6,190,300	6	0.5%
Inverrary 441 Trust (Apartments)	Real Estate	6,190,300	7	0.5%
Target Corporation (Shopping Center)	Retail	_	8	0.0%

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	TAXES LEVIED	COLLECTION WITHIN THE			TOTAL COLLE	CTION TO DATE
FISCAL YEAR	FOR THE FISCAL YEAR	FISCAL YEAR OF THE LEVY AMOUNT	PERCENTAGE OF LEVY	COLLECTIONS IN SUBSEQUENT YEARS	AMOUNT	PERCENTAGE OF LEVY
2002	\$ 7,621,600	\$ 7,531,582	98.82	\$ 21,354.00	\$ 7,559,986	99.19%
2003	8,433,180	8,190,378	97.12	9,221.00	8,211,732	97.37%
2004	9,313,729	8,999,663	96.63	22,830.66	9,008,884	96.73%
2005	10,740,102	10,326,553	96.15	96,205.03	10,349,384	96.36%
2006	12,960,022	12,732,731	98.25	62,569.50	12,828,936	98.99%
2007	16,045,030	15,414,838	96.07	126,557.15	15,477,407	96.46%
2008	14,403,466	14,294,160	99.24	148,357.67	14,420,718	100.12%
2009	14,063,408	13,953,535	99.22	141,571.00	14,101,893	100.27%
2010	14,157,121	13,632,070	96.29	123,964.00	13,773,642	97.29%
2011	11,129,627	10,825,254	97.27	-	10,949,218	98.38%

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars in Thousands Except Percentage of Personal Income & Per Capita)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES WATER & STATE GENERAL HALF-CENT ECONOMIC SEWER STORMWATER REVOLVING TOTAL PERCENTAGE OBLIGATION SALES TAX DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL REVENUE OF PERSONAL **FISCAL** REVENUE FUND PRIMARY PER YEAR BONDS BONDS LINE OF CREDIT LEASES BONDS BONDS LOANS GOVERNMENT INCOME CAPITA* 2002 \$ 16,415 \$ 32,742 0.04 557.54 \$ 14,610 \$ \$ 1,717 2003 14,195 15,025 4,548 33,768 0.04 566.51 18,650 2004 14,320 7,191 40,161 0.05 663.81 2005 35,000 18,305 19,415 5,000 7,584 85,304 0.10 1,389.11 17,465 18,615 7,262 82,302 1,210.32 2006 33,960 5,000 0.10 2007 33,070 16,595 4,865 22,785 4,890 6,920 89,125 0.11 1,172.69 7,503 2008 32,150 16,595 23,110 4,890 6,811 91,059 1,347.72 0.11 2009 31,200 22,195 7,901 458 22,195 10,780 8,570 103,299 0.03 1,359.20 2010 30,220 31,335 9,001 298 21,175 10,360 8,472 110,861 0.04 1,458.70 2011 29,205 41,505 8,926 736 20,125 9,960 8,200 118,657 0.06 1,773.99

See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 95 for population data.

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA
Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR	OBLI	NERAL GATION ONDS	LE SINI FU		NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT	ACTUAL VALU	ITAGE OF TAXABLE JE OF ERTY *	ER ITA **
2002	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
2003		-		-	-		-	-
2004		-		-	-		-	-
2005		35,000		-	35,000		1.96	570
2006		33,960		-	33,960		1.27	447
2007		33,070		-	33,070		1.09	435
2008		32,150		-	32,150		1.06	423
2009		31,200		-	31,200		1.31	411
2010		30,220		-	30,220		1.27	398
2011		29,205		-	29,205		1.58	437

See Schedule of Assessed Value and Actual value of Taxable Property on page 87 for property value data. See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 95 for population data.

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDADirect and Overlapping Governmental Activities Net Debt September 30, 2011

GOVERNMENTAL UNIT	NET DEBT OUTSTANDING	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE APPLICABLE	ESTIMATED SHARE OF OVERLAPPING NET DEBT	
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes				
Broward County Commission	\$ 393,274,000	1.78%	\$ 7,008,150	
Other Debt				
Broward County				
Tourist Development Refunding Bonds Gas Tax Revenue Bonds	2,135,000 5,335,000	1.78% 1.78%	38,003 94,963	
Subtotal Overlapping Debt			7,141,116	
City of Lauderhill General Obligation Debt	29,205,000	100.00%	29,205,000	
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt		\$	36,346,116	

Sources: Assesed value data used to estimate applicable percentages was provided by the Broward County Property Appraiser. Debt outstanding data was provided by each governmental unit.

Revenue Bond Coverages Last Ten Fiscal Years

Water and Sewer Revenue Bond Issues

Operating Income Before Depreciation

Fiscal Year	and Amortization Plus Interest Income	Debt Service	Times Coverage
2002	\$ 4,204,998	\$ 1,452,166	2.90
2003	4,098,741	1,486,369	2.76
2004	2,904,567	1,479,750	1.96
2005	2,235,606	1,758,189	1.27
2006	2,862,425	1,652,829	1.73
2007	3,121,322	1,840,847	1.70
2008	2,441,963	1,862,584	1.31
2009	3,343,077	1,927,139	1.73
2010	6,744,874	1,909,006	3.53
2011	3,500,718	1,901,806	1.84

vater Revenue Bond Issu Operating Income

Fiscal	Before Depreciation and Amortization	Debt	Times
Year	Plus Interest Income	Service	Coverage
2002	\$ -	\$ -	-
2003	-	-	-
2004	-	-	-
2005	-	-	-
2006	784,453	217,878	3.60
2007	1,312,936	327,878	4.00
2008	1,514,737	323,478	4.68
2009	1,741,159	319,078	5.46
2010	1,705,643	913,058	1.87
2011	2,673,115	882,226	3.03

Capital Improvement Revenue Bond Issues

Fiscal	1/2 Cent Sales	Debt	Times
Year	Tax Revenues	Service	Coverage
2002	\$ 3,261,040	\$ 1,095,618	2.98
2003	3,368,877	1,106,142	3.05
2004	3,366,665	1,376,690	2.45
2005	3,503,740	1,645,000	2.13
2006	2,299,778	1,590,025	1.45
2007	3,902,132	1,591,476	2.45
2008	3,581,018	1,590,988	2.25
2009	3,258,324	1,584,050	2.06
2010	3,257,795	1,741,581	1.87
2011	3,406,437	1,726,855	1.97

All outstanding City revenue bond issues require a minimum of 1.25 - 1.40 times coverage (revenue divided by debt service).

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	CITY OF	BROWARD	BROWARD COUNTY	COUNTY PER CAPITA	
FISCAL	LAUDERHILL	COUNTY	PERSONAL	PERSONAL	UNEMPLOYMENT
YEAR	POPULATION	POPULATION	INCOME	INCOME	RATE
2002	58,367	1,703,998	\$54,850,632	\$32,189	5.6
2003	57,003	1,728,336	55,790,306	32,280	5.4
2004	64,000	1,753,000	59,615,576	34,008	4.4
2005	68,000	1,753,000	59,615,576	34,008	3.5
2006	76,000	1,753,000	59,615,576	34,008	3.1
2007	76,000	1,787,636	73,595,186	41,169	3.1
2008	76,000	1,759,591	72,440,602	41,169	6.3
2009	76,000	1,751,234	72,096,553	41,169	9.8
2010	76,000	1,751,234	72,096,553	41,169	9.8
2011	66,887	1,748,066	49,758,699	28,465	9.8

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census for 1960-2010 City of Lauderhill Community Development Department for 1985, 1995

^{*} Estimate based on annexation of un-incorparated area's

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2011		2002			
EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEES	RANK	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	EMPLOYEES	RANK	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL EMPLOYMENT	
City of Lauderhill	600	1	33.33%	514	1	56.24%	
Broward County Public School District in Lauderhill	500	2	27.78%	400	2	43.76%	
United Parcel Service	400	3	22.22%				
Target	200	4	11.11%				
Publix	100	5	5.56%				
Total	1,800		100.00%	914		100.00%	

Source: City of Lauderhill Economic Development Department

Full Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function /Program Last Five Fiscal Years

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Government					
Commission	5	5	5	5	0
City Manager	5	4	3	3	3
City Clerk	5	4	4	6	4
Redevelopment Agency	2	2	3	0	0
MIS	4	4	3	5	5
Special Events	3	2	3	3	3
Finance	6	5	5	6	7
Purchasing	3	2	2	2	2
Utility Billing	15	11	11	8	9
Management & Budget	7	7	8	7	6
Central Garage	4	4	4	3	2
Resources	5	5	4	0	4
Grants Administration	0	0	0	1	1
CDBG Program	2	2	1	2	2
SHIP Program	_ 1	0	0	1	1
Planning/Zoning	6	4	5	8	6
Code Inspections	16	11	9	8	9
Public Work	8	20	16	16	12
Streets & Roads	3	17	17	14	20
Public Safety	3	17	17	17	20
Police - Administration	16	13	15	8	6
Police - Operations	88	91	90	80	80
Police - Community Serv.	20	17	19	19	0
Police - Support Serv.	23	20	15	31	43
Fine/EMS	68	58	60	54	64
Fire - Building	6	5	5	5	0
Fire Inspections	5	5	5 5	4	3
Fire - Rescue	25	31	29	29	28
Culture and Recreation	20	31	29	29	20
Rec-Admin	2	3	2	2	2
	3		3	2	2
PALS - Aquatics	2	3	2	2	2
PALS - Athletic Programs	3	2	2	2	2
PALS - Grounds Main.	3	0	0	0	1
PALS-Sports Park	1	3	1	1	0
PALS - Childrens Programs	1	2	1	1	1
Rec Maintenance	0	0	0	1	0
PALS - Community Services	5	6	6	5	6
Business Enterprise					
Utility Admin	8	10	8	8	8
Water	8	8	8	2	1
Stormwater	18	14	17	14	15
Stormwater Construction	4	3	3	4	4
Sewer	24	22	23	24	23
TOTALS	431	425	415	394	385

CITY OF LAUDERHILL, FLORIDA Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Five Fiscal Years

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public Safety					
Police					
911 & Non Emergency Calls Received	74,577	76,216	1929	74516	76,805
Citations Processed	9,627	13,493	9690	6197	5,869
Arrests Processed	1,936	1,702	1716	1791	1,151
Fire Rescue	,,,,,,	-,			.,
Total Incidents	12,246	11,764	11892	12704	12164
Total Fire Incidents	265	281	213	178	186
Physical Environmen					
Water Distribution					
Water Main Failures	-	_	-	19	9
New Water Mains Construction (Feet)	-	_	5675	50	-
Raw Water Treated (Billions of Gallons)	2,194	_	2913	2.04	2.04
Water Treatment	·				
Raw Wastewater Treated (Bilion of Gallons)	-	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
Sanitation					
Household Refuse Collected (Tons)	-	_	-	-	-
Recycling Tonnage	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and Recreation					
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	-	-
Pavilion Rentals	1,244	1,065	1,100	1,032	21
Park Attendance	325,871	236,932	171,019	323,740	308,411
Pool Attendance	18,136	17,510	12,450	15,537	14,458

⁻Figures were unavailable

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public Safety											
Police											
Station	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3
Patrol Units											
Fire Stations	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
Highways and Streets											
Streets(miles)	81.27	81.27	81.27	97.13	97.13	110	110	110	111	111	111
Streets lights	1500	1550	1550	1550	1580	1620	1620	1620	1620	1620	1620
Culture and recreation											
Parks Acreage	78.65	78.65	78.65	78.65	94.37	98.37	105.41	105.91	235.76	236.66	237.69
Parks	11	11	11	11	13	14	17	18	20	21	22
Tennis Courts	14	14	14	14	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Community Centers	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	5	6
Aquatic Center	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Water											
Water Mains (miles)	105	105	105	105	141	141	141	141	145	145	145
Fire Hydrants	1250	1260	1260	1,270	1,275	1,280	1,300	1,306	1318	1326	1327
Maximum Daily Capacity*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	16
(millions of gallons)*											
Sewer											
Sanitary Sewers(miles)	121	121	122	122	123.22	123.22	123.22	123.22	123.22	123.22	123.24
Storm Sewers(miles)	38	38	40	40	45	45	50	50.53	50.53	50.53	50.53
Maximum Daily Capacity*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	7
(millions of gallons)*											

⁻Figures were unavailable

City of Lauderhill

Florida Municipal Insurance Trust Insurance Coverage October 1, 2010-2011

The following information is presented in accordance with the City of Lauderhill's Request:

Comprehensive Municipal Insurance Program October 1, 2010 to September 30, 2011.

Includes:

General Liability Auto Liability Auto Physical Damage,
Public Officials/Employment Practices Liability Law Enforcement

Workers' Compensation Property Flood.

Deductibles:

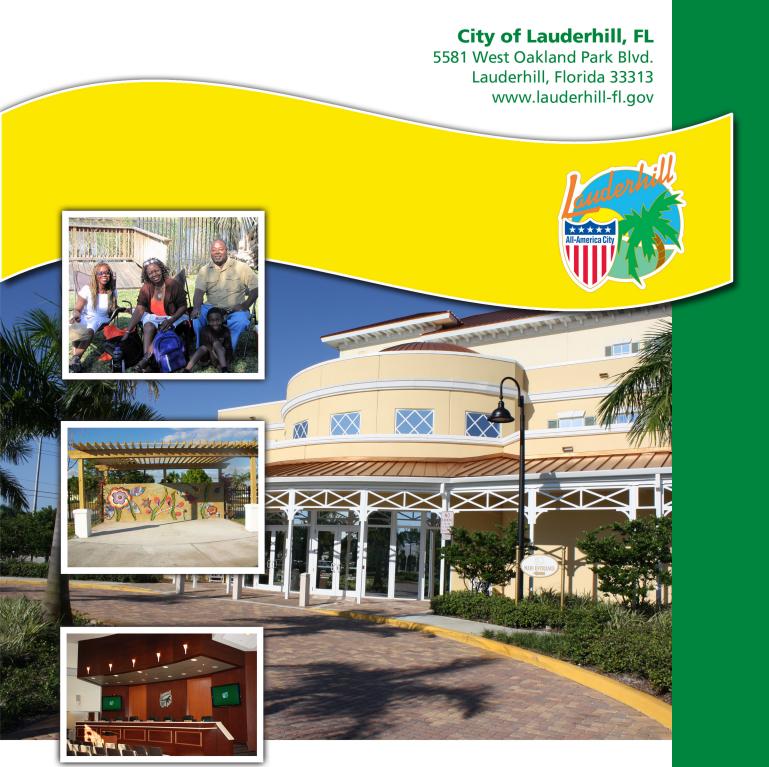
Property \$100,000 Deductible

General and Auto Liability \$100,000 SIR (Self Insured Retention)
Workers' Compensation \$400,000 SIR (Self Insured Retention)

Public Officials \$100,000 Deductible

Florida Municipal Insurance Trust Lines-FMIT Number 0326.

- Property limits of 62,277,861 with \$100,000 deductible on all other perils and 62,277,861 with 5% Named Windstorm deductible.
- Flood \$500,000 maximum limit over NFIP primary limit if primary is elected.
- General Liability/Public Officials Liability/Employee Benefits Liability limit of 1,000,000 General and Public Officials Liability and \$1,000,000 Employee Benefits Liability. Limit is per occurrence no aggregate applies.
- Automobile Liability \$1,000,000 and Auto Physical Damage per schedule.
- Worker's Compensation Statutory and Employer's Liability limit of \$1,000,000.
- Law Enforcement \$1,000,000. All limits exclusive of \$100,000 Self Insured Retention.
- Annual Policy Premium \$893,029.
- Policy premium is not inclusive of additions or deletions of property or auto after the policy inception date.



Lauderhill City Commission

Mayor Richard J. Kaplan
Vice Mayor Hayward J. Benson, Jr.
Commissioner M. Margaret Bates
Commissioner Howard Berger
Commissioner Ken Thurston